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1. Safety

1.1 Safety Instruction

General Safety Instructions

International safety regulations have been strictly observed in the design and testing of the inverter Prior to any work, carefully read all safety instructions and observe them at all times when working on or with the inverter. The installation must adhere to all applicable national or international standards or regulations.

Incorrect operation or work may cause:

- injury or death to the operator or a third party
- damage to the inverter and other properties belonging to the operator or a third party.

Important Safety Notifications

There are various safety issues that must be carefully conveyed prior to during and after the installation, as well as during future operation and maintenance. The following are important safety notifications for the operator, owner, and user of this product under normal conditions of use.

A DANGER Dangers of High Voltages and Large Current

- Beware of high PV voltage. Please turn-off the DC switch of PV Panel output before and during the installation to avoid electric shock.
- Beware of high grid voltage. Please turn-off the AC switch at the grid connection before and during the installation to avoid electric shock.
- Beware of large current of the battery output. Please turn-off the battery module before and during the installation to avoid electric shock.
- Do not open the inverter when it's working to avoid electric shock and damage from live voltage and current from the system.
- Do not operate the inverter when it's working, only the LCD and buttons can be touched in limited cases by qualified personnel, Other parts of the inverter can be touched when the inverter is in a a safe state (e.g. fully shut-down).
- Do not connect or disconnect any connections (PV, battery, grid, communication etc.) of the inverter when it's working.
- Make sure the inverter is well grounded, An operator should make sure he is well protected by reasonable and professional insulation measurements (e.g. personal protective equipment (PPE).
- Inspect relevant existing wiring on-site of the installation is in good condition before installation, operation or maintenance.
- Inspect that connections are good between the inverter and PV, battery and grid during installation to prevent damages or injuries caused by bad connections.

A WARNING Avoid Misoperation and Inappropriate Usage

- All the work of this product (system design, installation, operation, setting, configuration and maintenance must be carried out by gualified personnel as required.
- All connections must be in accordance with local and national regulations and standards. ٠
- The inverter and system can inter-connected with the utility grid only if the utility grid permits it. •
- All the warning labels or nameplates on the inverter must be clearly visible and must not be removed, ٠ covered or pasted.
- The installation should consider the safety of future users when choosing the right position and • location as specified in this manual.
- Please keep the children away from touching or misusing the inverter and relevant systems.
- Beware of burning hurt, the inverter and some parts of the system could be hot when working, • please do not touch the inverter surface or most of the parts when they are working. During inverter working states, only the LCD and buttons could be touched.

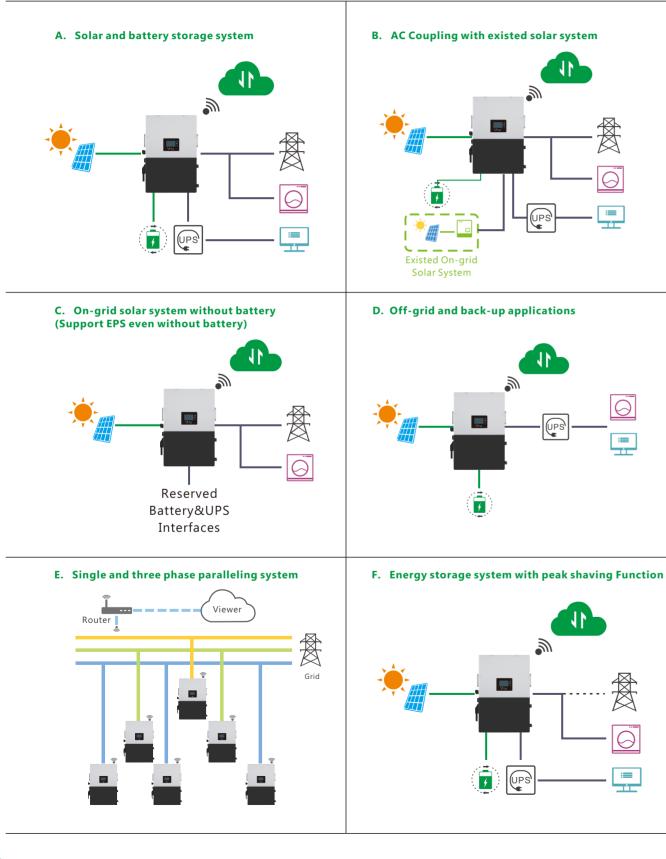
NOTICE

- Please carefully read this manual before any work is carried out on this inverter, the installation, please keep this manual carefully stored and easy to access at any time.
- The qualified personnel should have had training in the installation and commissioning of the electrical system as well as dealing with hazards, also they should have the knowledge of the manual and other related documents. As the installer or operator they are required to be familiar with local regulations and directives.

Brief Introduction 2.

System Solution 2.1

This product and its associated system are suitable for the following system applications (system diagram):



Installation 3.

3.1 Packaging List & Storing

Packaging List

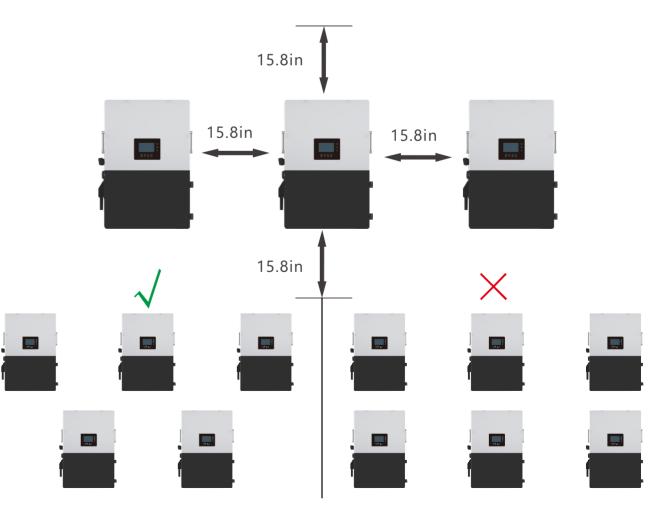
When the packaging is unpacked, the inner components should match those listed in the list below.



Location Selection and Installation 3.2

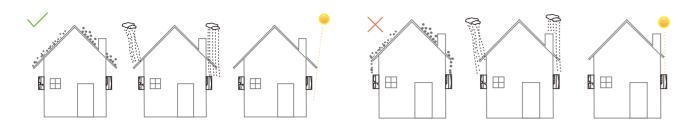
3.2.1 Requirements for installation location

a. The mounting wall should be strong enough to bear the weight of the inverter .

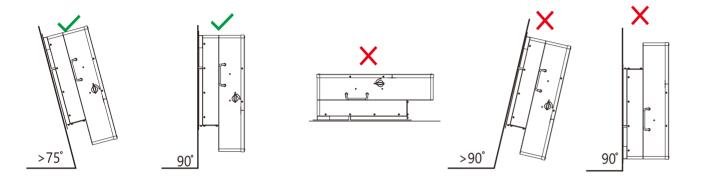


b. Please maintain the minimum clearances presented below for adequate heat dissipation.

c. Never position the inverter in direct sunlight, rain, or snow. Please refer to the figure below and choose a well-shaded site ora shed to protect the inverter from direct sunlight, rain, and snow etc. PROTECT the LCD screen from excessive UV exposure

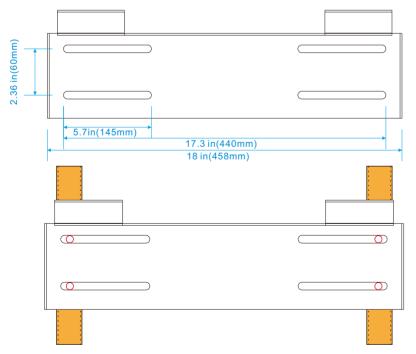


d. The inverter should be installed upright on a vertical surface.



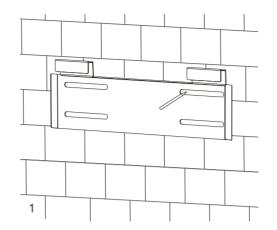
3.2.2 Installing the inverter

The inverter is wall-mounted type and, should be installed on a vertical, solid mounting surface, such as wood studs, brick or concrete wall. Two or more persons may be needed to install the inverter due to its weight. The slots on the mounting bracket can accommodate various stud spacings from 12inches(305mm) to 16inches(406mm).

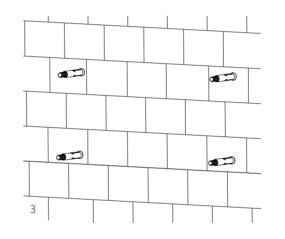


The mounting steps are as below: (Use brick wall as example)

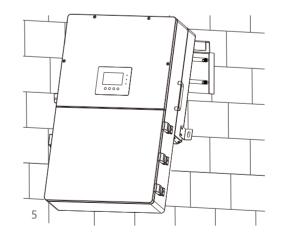
Step1. Mark the drill holes positions with the mounting bracket, then drill four48mm(5/16inch) diameter holes, making sure the depth of the holes is deeper than 50mm(2inches).



Step2. Install and tighten the expansion bolts into the holes. Then use the corresponding nuts and washers (packaged together with the expansion bolts) to install and fix the wall-mounting bracket on the wall.



Step3. Hang the inverter onto the wall-mounting bracket and lock the inverter on the wall using 2 self-tapping screws on the top of the inverter, lock the safety screws on the left and right sides.

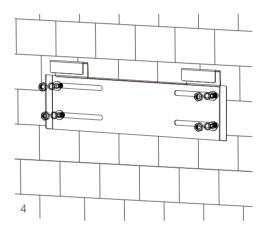


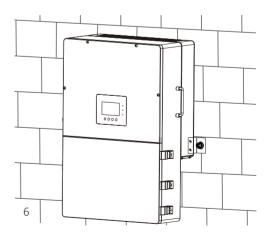
For installation on wood studs

Fasten the mounting bracket on the studs with 4 wood screws, then hang the inverter onto the bracket and lock the inverter on the wall with 2 self-tapping screws.

Please note that the wood screws and self-tapping screws are not provided with the inverter. Installers need to prepare the screws before installation.



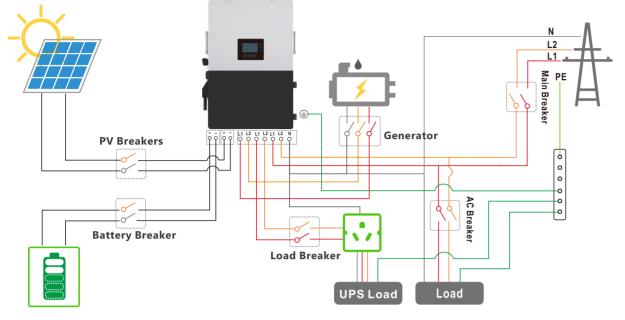




Connection Overview 3.3

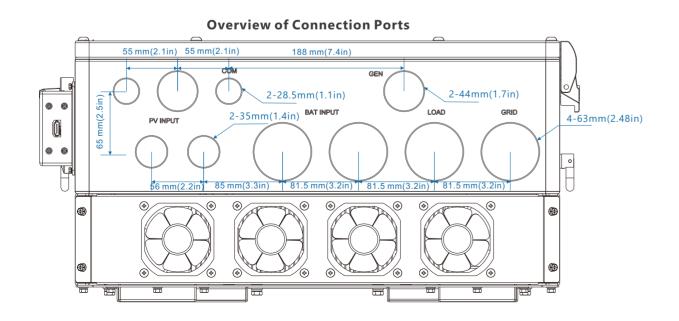
3.3.1 System Connection

The system connection diagram is as below(for US version):

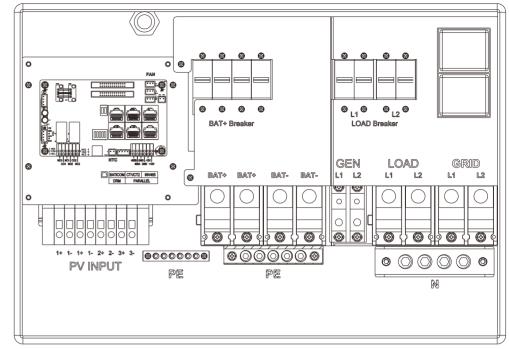


Please prepare the breakers before connecting, breakers selection recommendation for both DC and AC

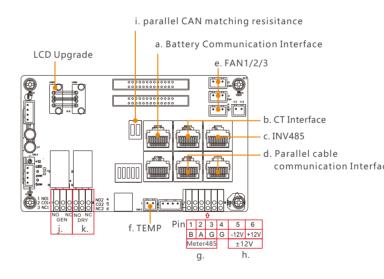
Inverter model	12К
PV Breakers(2Px4)	MPPT1 string 1 : 600V/20A MPPT1 string 2 : 600V/20A MPPT2: 600V/20A MPPT3: 600V/20A
Main Breaker(2P)	200A/240Vac when ups is used for whole home backup 100A/240Vac when ups is used for partial load backup
Generator breaker	100A/240Vac







The inverter has integrated Load breaker and BAT breaker, and the Load breaker is 200A, the BAT breaker is 2x200A



PV Connection 3.4

The PV connection of this hybrid inverter is the same as that a traditional on-grid solar inverter (string inverter).

10

WARNING

* Please double check the lowest ambient temperature of the installation location. The rated Voc on solar panel nameplate is obtained at 25°CAs the ambient temperature drops, the Solar panel Voc increases. Please ensure the Maximum solar string voltage corrected at the lowest temperature does not exceed the inverter's maximum input voltage of 550V.



	a). Battery communication port(CAN&RS485)
	please check Chapter 3.5.2 for Pin definition
	b). CT Interface: please check Chapter 3.6.4 for CT connection
	c). INV 485: Debugging port
	d). Parallel communication port
	please check Chapter 3.9 for Parallel connection
	e). FAN1/2/3
	f). TEMP: Connection for temperature sensor of lead-acid battery
ce	g). Meter 485B&485A: For Meter communication
	h). ±12V: Reserved for customer to use
	i). CAN Matching resistance: Set DIP switch when use inverters in parallel
	j). GEN(NO, NC): Connection for generator auto-start function
	k). DRY(NO,NC): reserved

Cable Requirement:

Cable Size	Minimum Voltage
0-8AWG(5 - 8 mm ²)	600V

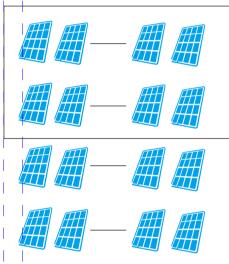
NOTICE

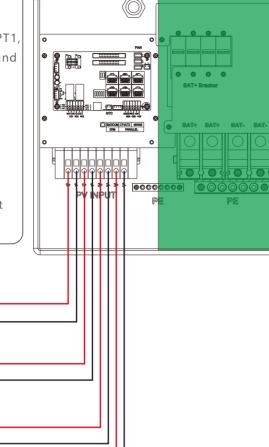
1. The inverters have triple MPPTs. For MPPT1 users can connect two strings. For MPPT2 and MPPT3, users can connect one string.

2. When users connect 2 strings to MPPT1, make sure the two strings have the same quantity of solar panels. The inverter will limit the total MPPT1/MPPT2/MPPT3 input current to 25A/15A/15A automatically.

3. The inverter will limit the max solar input power to 18kW total.

face the same direction





0 0 0 L2 0

 $\circ \circ \circ \circ \circ$

Steps for PV connection

a. Strip off 1/4-5/16inch(6~8mm) insulation on the PV string's positive and negative conductors.

b. Use wire ferrules for PV string conductors if they are stranded wire type.

c. Insert the conduit fitting into the opening for PV connection and tighten it from the inside using the counter nut.

d. Route the PV conductors through the conduit fitting and into the inverter.

e. Secure the cable gland in place.

f. Ensure that the cables are connected correctly and securely. Then take appropriate measures to ensure that the conduit and conduit fittings are fastened reliably, and seal the cable entry holes.

Battery Connection

Battery power cable connection B.5.1

Cable Requirement:

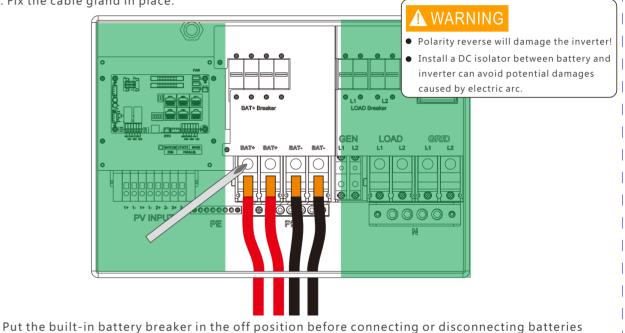
3.5

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1 1

Model	Cable Size	Minimum Voltage	Torque for cable connection
12K	2/0-3/0 AWG(65-85 mm ²)	600V	9-18(N.M)

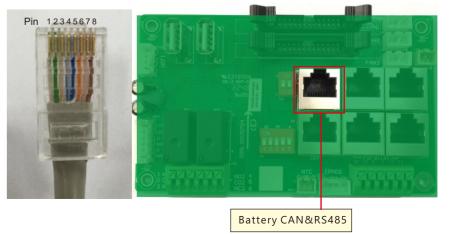
Step 1: Strip 1/4-5/16inch(6-8mm) insulation from the cable end and crimp OT rings for the cable ends. Step 2: Route the battery power cable, connect positive to BAT+, negative to BAT-. Step 3: Secure the conduit fitting to the enclosure using the counter nut. Step 4: Fasten the OT rings of battery positive and negative cables to the lugs according to the markings. Step 5: Fix the cable gland in place.

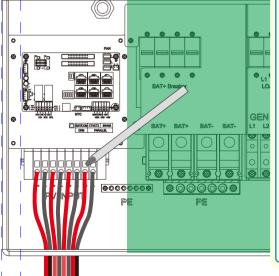


B.5.2 Battery communication cable connection

Correct battery communication cable must be used to connect the battery to the inverter when users choose lithium-ion battery type. Please select 'Lead-acid ' type if the lithium battery can not communicate with the inverter. The battery communication port on inverter is an Rj45 socket, Pin for the RJ45 plug of the communication |cable is as below. Make the communication cable according to the below inverter Pin and the correct pinout of communication port on battery. The inverter supports both CAN and Rs485 communication.

Pin	Description
1	NC
2	GND
3	NC
4	BAT CAN H
5	BAT CAN L
6	NC
7	BAT RS485 A
8	BAT RS485 B





After battery power cable and communication cable connection, users need to enter Advanced settings and choose Battery type and brand on the inverter LCD. After you choose the right battery protocol, the communication will be build in 1-2 minutes.

1								
Basic	Grid type		240V	/120V	~	Grid Freq	60 🗸	Set
Charge	Grid regul	ation	UL174	1&IEEE	1547~ R	econnect time(S)	
Charge	HV1	V	S	HV2	V	S HV3	V	S
Discharge	LV1	V	S	LV2	V	S LV3	V	S
Advanced	HF1	Hz	S	HF2	Hz	S HF3	Hz	S
Advanced	LF1	Hz	S	LF2	Hz	S LF3	Hz	S
Debug	Battery ty	pe 1:	Lead-	acid	~		Set	
Device info.	Lithium br	and			→ Lea	ad capacity(Al	ו)	^

1			
Basic	Charge first(PV) 🗸	Set	
	Time 1	Charge first power(kW)	
Charge	Time 2	Stop charge first SOC(%)	7
Discharge	Time 3	Stop charge first Volt(V)	
	Lead-acid		
Advanced	Absorb voltage(V)	Float voltage(V) Set	
Debug	Start derate Volt(V)		^
Device info.			~

NOTICE

For Li-ion battery

1. Please make sure the lithium-ion battery to be used is compatible with supplier inverters. Please contact your distributor for an updated battery compatible list.

2. If you are using multiple battery modules with the inverter, the inverter communication cable must be connected to the master battery. Please check with your battery supplier for battery master and slave settings.

Customers can refer to Annex2 for detail Lithium Brand definition

For Lead-acid battery

1. The temperature sensor for the lead-acid battery is optional. If you need it, please contact the distributor for purchasing.

2. There are three stages for lead-acid battery, charging. For charging/discharge related parameters, please check thecharge / discharge settings page.

Grid&EPS load Connection B.6

B.6.1 Grid type and regulation selection

The inverter can be used with 120/240V split-phase , 120/208V split-phase.

The inverter has passed the main grid-connection regulations in the US(IEEE1547, CA Rule 21, HECO Rule 14H, etc.). If grid is connected to the Inverter, make sure the grid settings are set correctly. Users can choose different Grid Type and regulation in Advanced program on LCD as below:

Basic	Grid type	240V/120V	~	Grid Freq 6	0 ~	Set
Chargo	Grid regulation	JL1741&IEEE1	547~ R	Reconnect time(S)	
Charge	HV1 V	S HV2	V	S HV3	V	S
Discharge	LV1 V	S LV2	V	S LV3	V	S
Advanced	HF1 Hz	S HF2	Hz	S HF3	Hz	S
Advanced	LF1 Hz	S LF2	Hz	S LF3	Hz	S
Debug	Battery type 1:L	_ead-acid	~		Set	_
Device info.	Lithium brand		~ Le	ad capacity(Ah)	

expensive main panel upgrade.

1 1

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1

1 1

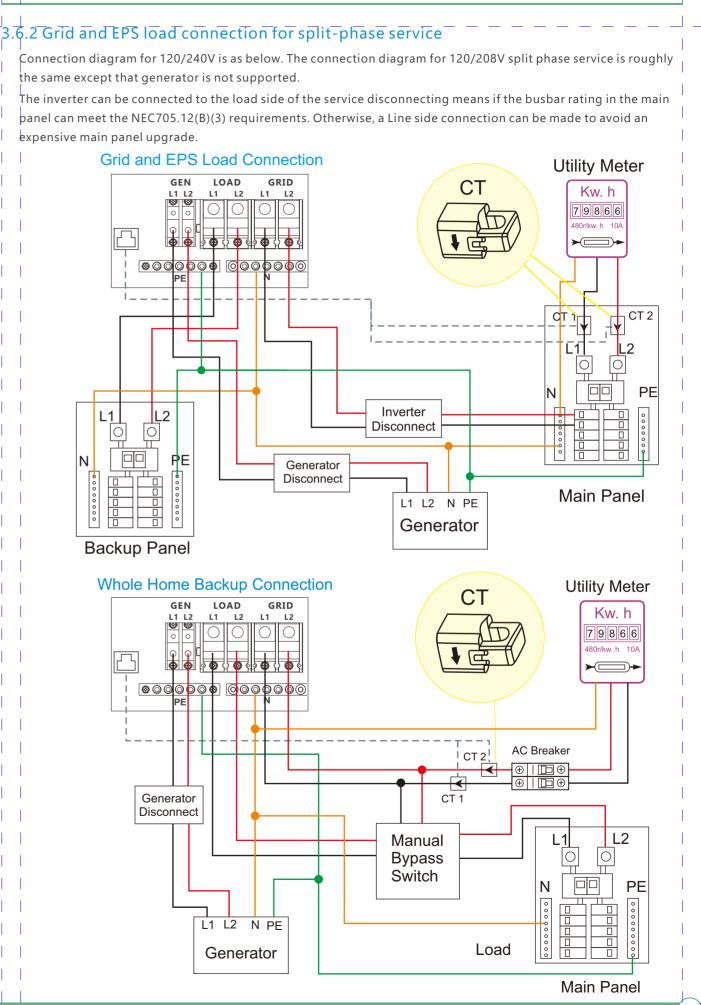
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1

1 1



3.6.3 AC cable connection

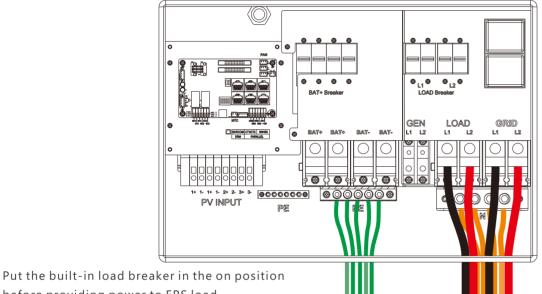
Cable Requirement:

Current	Cross-section	Cable Diameter	Minimum Voltage	Torque for cable connection
100A	3-2AWG(25-35mm ²)	6-7mm	600V	5(N.M)
200A	1/0-2/0AWG(55-70mm ²)	8-9mm	600V	9-18(N.M)

a. Strip off 5/16-3/8inch(8~10mm) insulation sleeve on the cables.

- b. Use wire ferrules if the cables are made of fine stranded wires.
- c. Secure the conduit fitting to the enclosure using the counter nut of the fitting.
- d. Fasten the grid and EPS load cables to the terminal block in accordance with the markings.
- e. Secure conduit to the conduit fitting.

f. Check that the cables are connected correctly and securely, then take appropriate measures to ensure that the conduit and conduit fitting are secured reliably, and seal the cable entry holes.



before providing power to EPS load

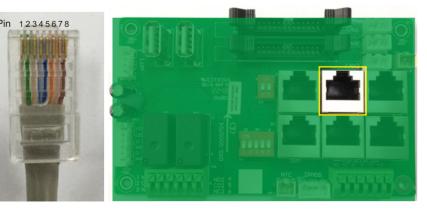
3.6.4 **CT/Meter Connection**

To measure the power imported from and exported to the grid, a pair of CTs or one triphase meter must be installed at the service entry point in or near the main service panel. We standardly supply 2 CT for one inverter.

CT Port Pin definition

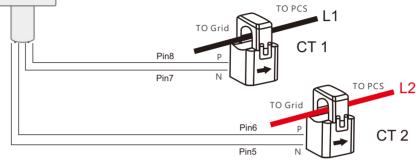
The CT interface for 2 CTs connection is a RJ45 port, We have made a RJ45 plug on those 2 CTs in advance, so you can connect it to the port directly.

F	Description	Pin
	Reserved	1-4
	CT2N	5
	CT2P	6
	CT1N	7
	CT1P	8



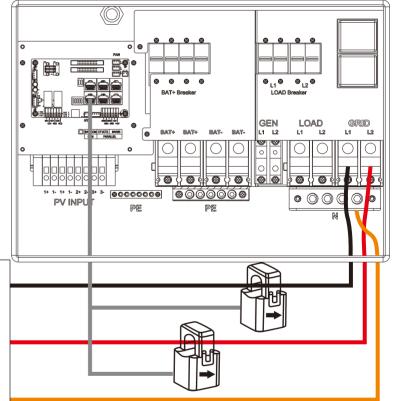


Please refer to the connection diagram for the correct positions of CTs and clamp the 2 CTs on the L1 and L2 wires at the service entry point in the main service panel. CT1(label L1) should go to L1 and CT2(label L2) should go to L2. The arrow on the CT is pointing to the inverter.(*** Incorrectly install CT will cause The Display to show incorrect informations and features of the inverter will not function correctly) If the CT are in a wrong direction, there is an option you can change the direction of the CT on your inverter call: CT Direction Reversed (Only for Direction not CT1 or CT2 Placement) in Advanced Tab. You would not need to go change it physically.



CT Clamp Ratio

The inverter support 3 ratios of CT clamp-1000:1, 2000:1 and 3000:1. The CT ratio of the CTs in the accessory bag is 3000:1. If you are using a 3rd party CT, please ensure the CT ratio is one of them, and select the correct CT ratio setting in the inverter monitor page or on the inverter LCD.





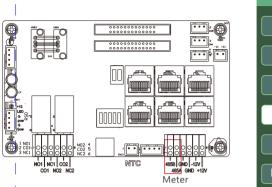
Extend CT clamp cable

The CT wires can be extended with a common ethernet cable if the length is not enough. An RJ45 adapter is needed for the extension. The CT wires can be extended up to 300ft(around 100m).



Meter Connection

Currently only EASTRON SDM630-Modbus meters can be used. If you need to use a meter for import/export detection instead of CTs, you need to connect it to the Meter 485A and 485B terminals on the inverter.

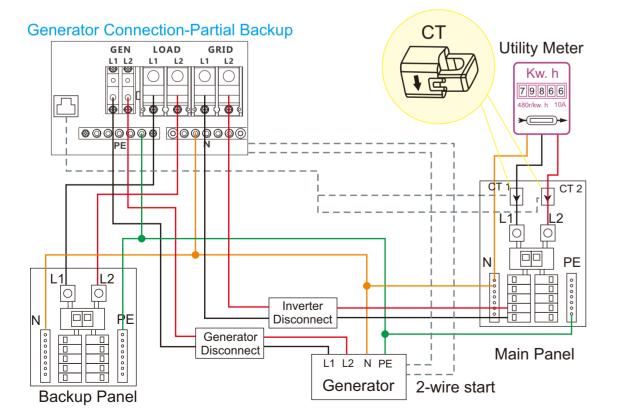


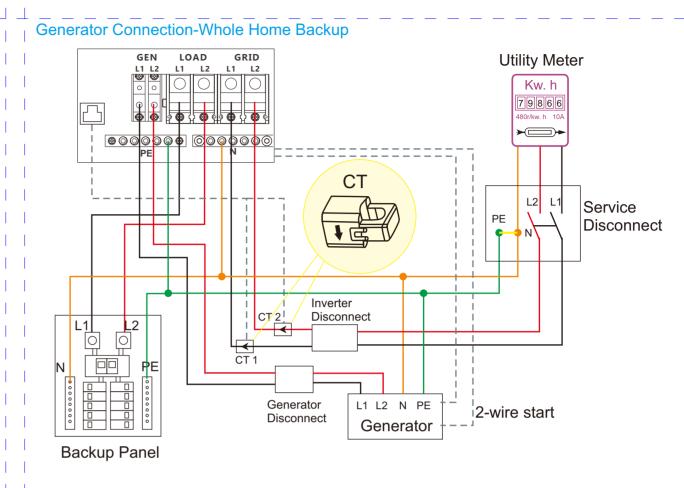
Basic	PV input		✓ Meter or 0	ст 🗸	Set
Charge	MODBUS addr		Meter type CT ratio	~ ~	
Discharge	Offgrid output 🗸	СТ	direction revers	ed	Set
Advanced	Seamless switch	EP	arge last S output hout Battery	RSD disable Micro-grid	
Debug	Smart load		n without gird	Set	
Device info.	PV Arc 🗸	PV	Arc fault clear	Set	~

Working with Generator **B.7**

3.7.1 Generator system connection

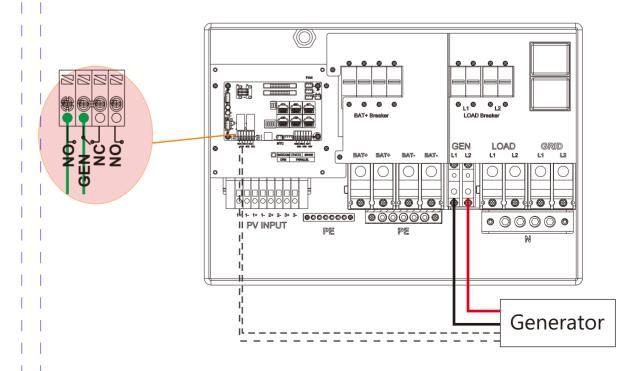
This hybrid inverter can work with generator. There are Gen ports on the inverter for generator connection. Generator requirements: the generator should be neutral bonded type, with 240V/120V output at same time, generator capacity should be larger than 6kW.





When the generator is started, all the loads connected to EPS will be supplied by the generator. Meanwhile the battery will be charged. The pass-through relay on the generator port is 90A. When the generator is on, please ensure the total load and charge current will not exceed 90A. The generator start signal shall be connected to theCOM board GEN(NO,NC port) if users want to start

generator remotely.



Generator Startup and Stop settings 3.7.2

Basic	Operating Mode Use SOC % 🖌 Use Bat V 📃 Set	Basic	Generator		
Charge	Bat charge current limit(A)	Charge	Charge current limit(A)	Gen rated power(kW)	Set
- wharge			Charge start Volt(V)	Charge start SOC(%)	
Discharge	AC charge 🧹 Set	Discharge	Charge end Volt(V)	Charge end SOC(%)	
Advanced	Time 1 AC charge power(kW)	Advanced	AC couple		
	Time 2 Stop AC charge SOC(%)		Start Volt(V)	Start SOC(%)	Set
Debug	Time 3 Stop AC charge Volt (V)	Debug	End Volt(V)	End SOC(%)	
Device info.	~	Device info.			~

It depends on the Bat operating mode setting, The system will use either battery SOC or battery voltage to determine whether the system needs to start or stop the generator.

Generator Start Conditions

When utility fails and

-When battery is discharged to cut-off settings

or there is force charge request from battery.

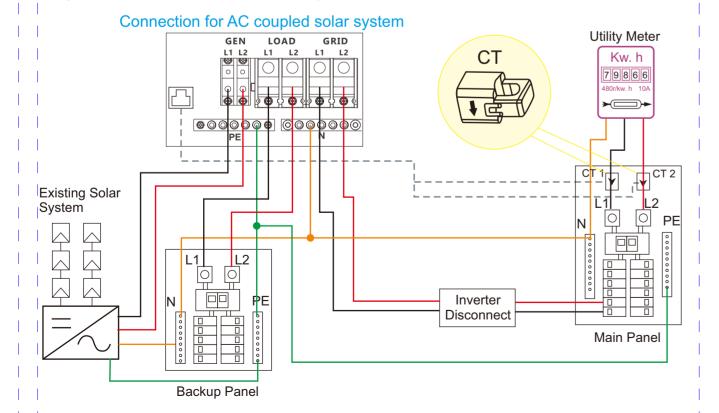
or when the battery voltage or SOC is lower than the Generator Charge start Volt/SOC settings,

Generator Stop Conditions

when battery voltage or SOC is higher than Charge end Volt/SOC settings value.

B.8 **AC Coupling Installation Connection**

The inverter supports AC coupling connection with the existing grid-interactive solar system. The existing solar system is connected to the inverter's GEN port.



After AC couple function enabled:

When the Grid is on, the GEN terminal is connected to the grid terminal inside the inverter. In this case the hybrid inverter will bypass the interactive inverter AC to the grid and EPS.

| When grid is off, The GEN terminal is connected to the EPS terminal inside the inverter. In this case, the hybrid inverter will work as a power source for the grid interactive inverter to synchronize and feed power to the micro-grid. The loads will be first supplied by solar power. If solar panels are generating more power than load consumption, the excess solar power will be stored to the battery. When solar power exceeds the ^I sum of load power and max battery charging power, e.g. when battery is nearly full. The inverter will signal the grid interactive inverter to reduce power via the frequency shifting power reduction mechanism, thus to | maintain the balance of generation and consumption of the micro grid system.

AC Coupling Settings

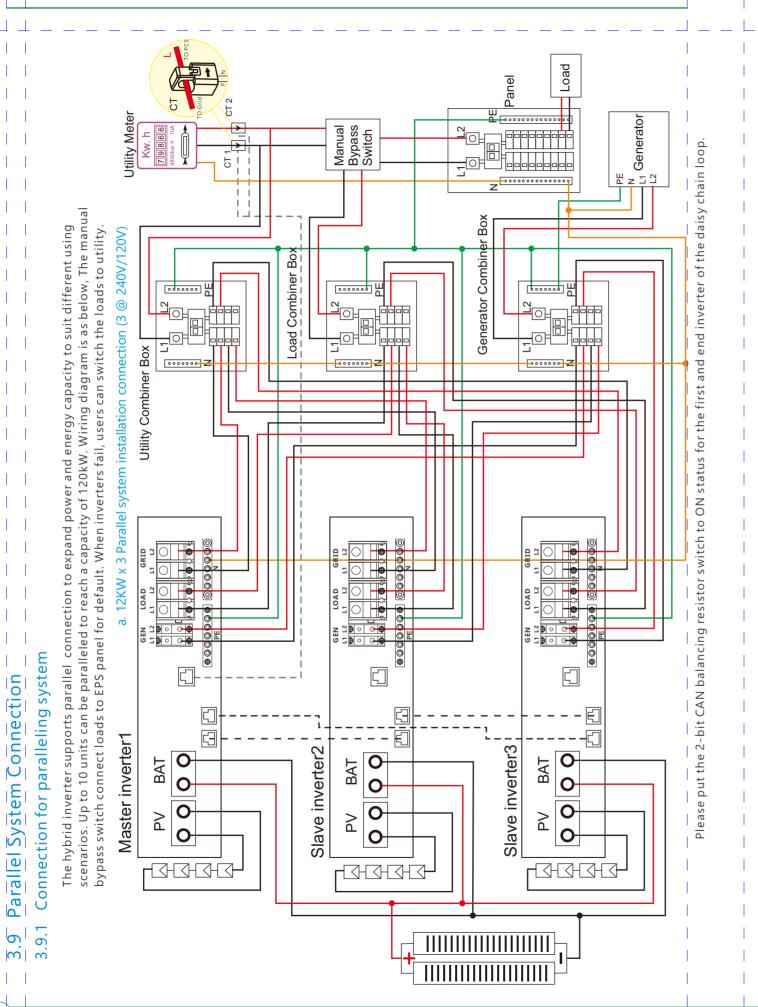
1 I I			_		
Basic	PV input VMeter or CT V	t Basic	Generator		
	MODBUS addr Meter type ~		Charge current limit(A)	Gen rated power(kW)	Set
Charge	Vpv start (V) CT ratio ~	Charge	Charge start Volt(V)	Charge start SOC(%)]
Discharge	Offgrid output V CT direction reversed Se	t Discharge	Charge end Volt(V)	Charge end SOC(%)	
Advanced	Seamless switch Charge last RSD disable	Advanced	AC couple		_
	AC couple EPS output without Battery Micro-grid		Start Volt(V)	Start SOC(%)	Set
Debug	Smart load Run without gird Set	Debug	End Volt(V)	End SOC(%)	
Device info.	PV Arc V Arc fault clear Set	 Device info. 			^

Users need to enable AC coupling function when they connect existing on grid system to GEN terminal Start SOC(%): The SOC at which the AC coupled inverters are turned on when in off-grid mode.

50%~70% recommended

End SOC(%): The SOC at which the AC coupled inverters are shut down when in off-grid mode. 90% recommended

When On-Grid and Export to Grid enabled, the AC-coupled inverter will always be on, and it will sell any extra power back to the grid. Ensure you are allowed to sell power to your utility provider when using AC Coupled PV Arrays on-grid.





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Grid type setting for each inverter

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Parallel System Connection



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Battery type

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Discharge

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Advanced

Debug

Device in

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Grid

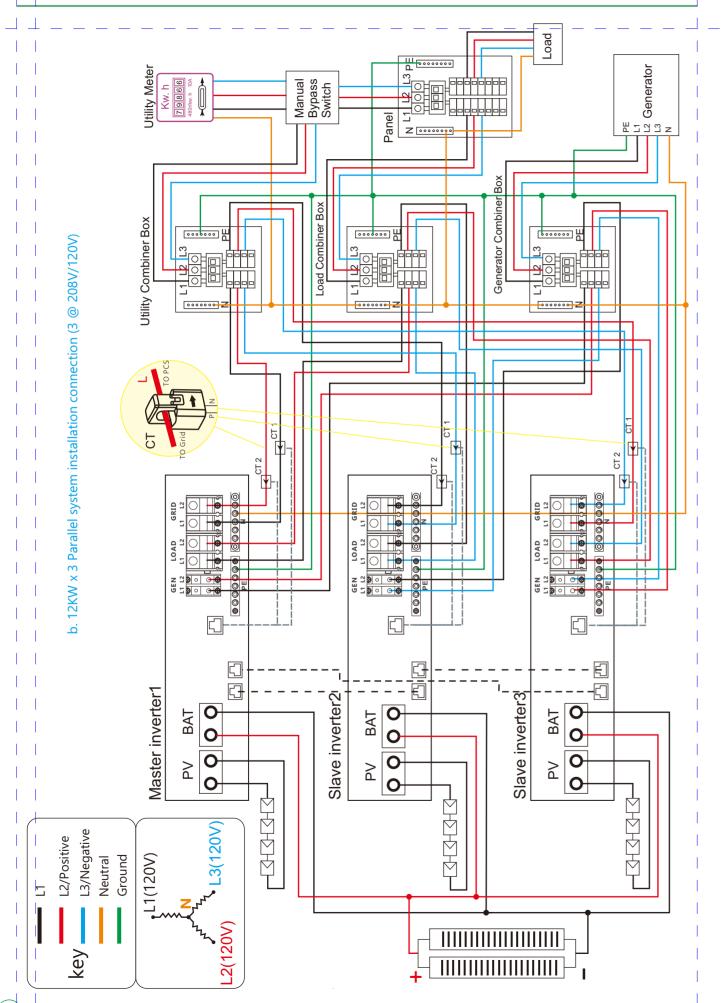
Charge

Grid type

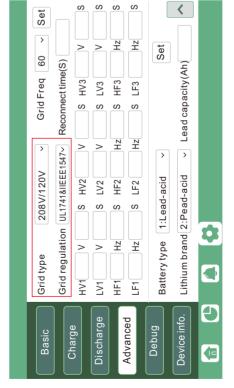
Basic

			A		
				<	
da o c		Set	Reset		
3	>				
l system	attery	tery 🗸	ect Phase		\$
Parallel system		Share battery	Auto Detect Phase		
<u>.</u>	Ge	arge	lced	ug info.	Ð
Basic	Charge	Discharge	Advanced	Device info.	

Parallel system				
Role Slaver	< Phase	R Phase	>	Set
Parallel battery				
Share battery 🗸	Set			
Auto Detect Phase	Reset			
				<
\$				
st at p o	ystem laver attery v ect Phase	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Brase Cet Cet Cet Cet Cet Cet Cet Cet Cet Ce	Phase C Phase







Grid type setting for each inverter

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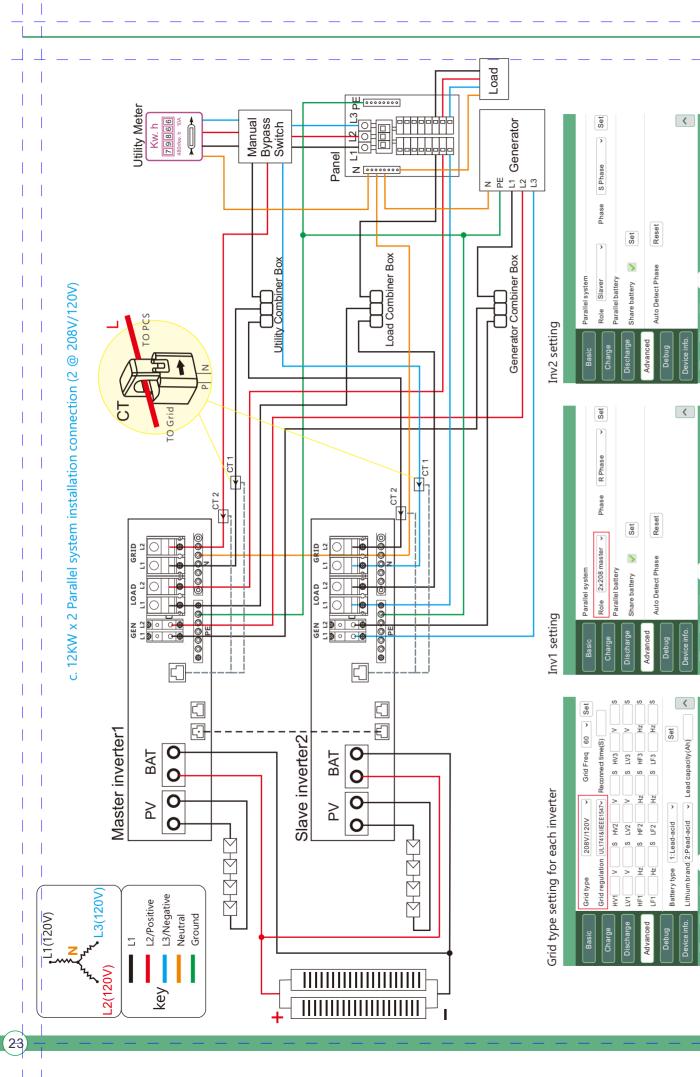
| |

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	Parallel system	Role Slaver V Phase T Phase V Set	Parallel battery	Share battery 💉 Set	Auto Detect Phase Reset		<	•
Inv3 setting	Basic		Cnarge	Discharge	Advanced	Debug	Device info.	
	Parallel system	Role Slaver 🗸 Phase SPhase 🗸 Set	Parallel battery	Share battery 💉 Set	Arito Detect Phase Reset		<	
Inv2 setting	Basic		cnarge	Discharge	Advanced	Debug	Device info.	Ð

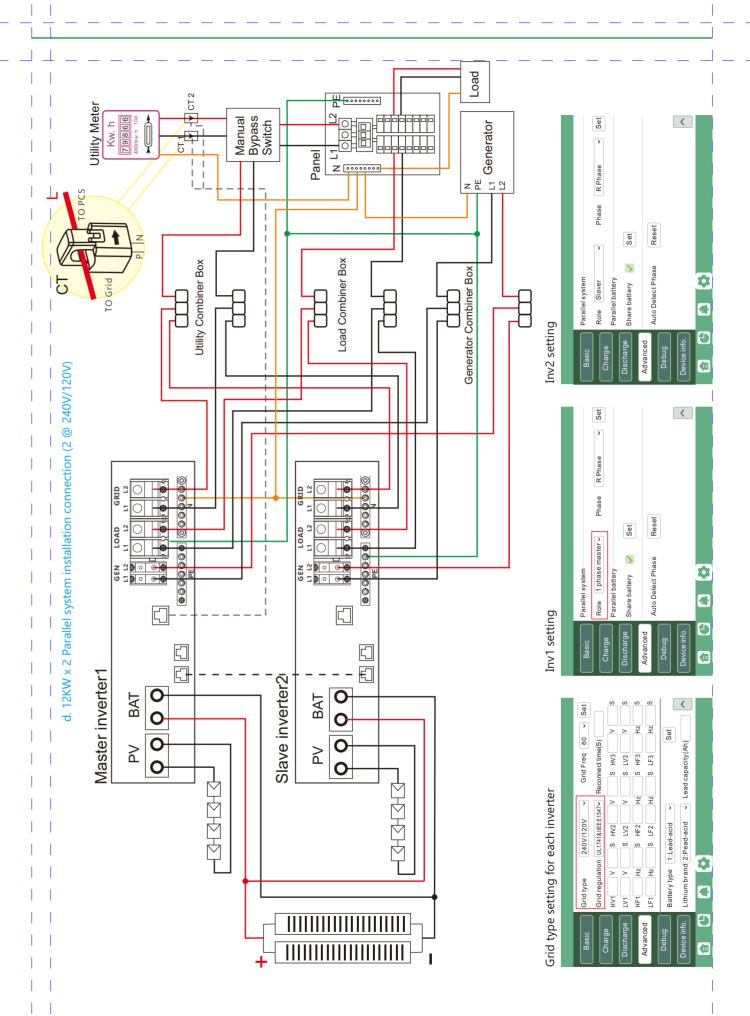


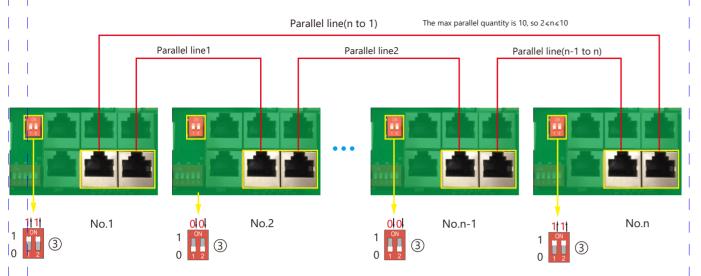
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If the parallel cable is not enough or long enough, please make a straight pin to pin cable

Settings for paralleling function in monitor system

1. Set up monitoring for the system, add all dongles to one station. Users can login to visit the monitoring system, Configuration->Station->Plant Management->Add a dongle to add dongles.

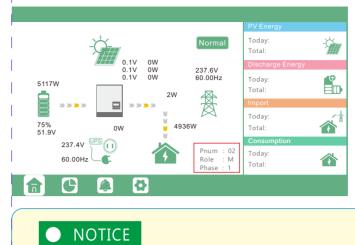
	l		🕜 Monitoi	r 🕕 Data	喿 Configuratio	n 📕 Ove	erview 🗋 M			User Center
	Stations	•	In Add Sta	tion					Search by station	name X
1	Datalogs		Plant name	Installer	End User	Country	Timezone	Daylight saving time	Create date	Action
	Inverters	1	Genesis		Aspergo Install	South Africa	GMT+2	No	2019-03-14	Plant Management 🔻
I	Users	2	Butler Home	Elangeni	johnbutler	South Africa	GMT+2	No	2019-03-25	Plant Management 🔻
	Users	3	Office			South Africa	GMT+2	No	2019-06-03	Plant Management 🔻
		4	Cronje Home	Broomhead	cronje	South Africa	GMT+2	No	2019-07-16	Plant Management 🔻

If the system shares a single battery bank, enable the shared battery function otherwise disable the shared battery function.
 Set the system as a parallel group in the monitor system

			🕜 Monit		🕕 Data	🤶 Confi			Overview	🗋 Mainta				er Cent	
Stat	tions Overview		Station Nar	ne]							Search by	inverter SN	×	
Dev	vice Overview		Serial number	Status	Solar Power	Charge Power	Discharge Pow	Load	Solar Yielding	Battery Dischar	Feed Energy	Consumption E	Plant name	Parallel	Action
		1	0272011008	Normal	228 W	42 W	0 W	182 W	215.3 kWh	39.6 kWh	0 kWh	551.2 kWh	Dragonview	A-1	Parallel
		2	0272011011		35 W	32 W	0 W	0 W	158.7 kWh	21.1 kWh	0 kWh	160.5 kWh	Dragonview	A-2	Parallel
		3	0272011012		1 kW	129 W	0 W	1 kW	170.3 kWh	49.9 kWh	0 kWh	434.5 kWh	Dragonview	A-3	Parallel
		4	0272011017		79 W	48 W	0 W	106 W	99 kWh	85.6 kWh	0 kWh	257.1 kWh	Dragonview	A-4	Parallel

Please contact your inverter supplier for more detailed guidance for paralleling system

3.9.2 Parallel information display



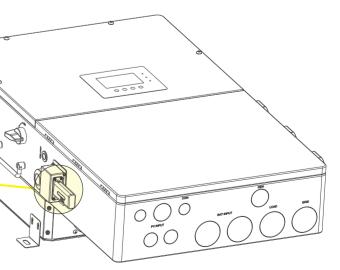
Notices for parallel system:
A. Ensure the Generator is connected to all systems in parallel(if application).
B. If you cannot divide the number of PV panels connected to each inverter, it is recommended to have more PV panels in the master inverter.
C. The values shown on the LCD of each inverter represent the inverter's contribution, not the system's total.
3.10 Monitor System Setup
3.10.1 Wifi/GPRS/4G/WLAN dongle connection

Users can use a WiFi/ WLAN /4G /2G dongle to monitor their inverter, and view the monitoring data on a computer or smart phone remotely.

To view data on smart phone, please download APP from the Google Play or Apple APP store, then login with their user account.

D

The information in the red box shows the parallel information Pnum: 01~10, display number of parallel units Role: M or S, M means Master and S means Slave Phase: 1~3, 1: R Phase, 2: S Phase, 3: T Phase



3.10.2 Setup the monitor system

1. Sign up an account on the mobile phone APP or Website

The "customer code" is a code we assign to your distributor or installer. You can contact your supplier for their code.

	* E-mail	
	* Language	English 🔻
A User name	* Tel number	
Pass word	* Station name	
Remember username Auto login	* Nominal power (W)	
	* Daylight saving time	0
LOGIN	* Income formula (kWh)	RMB() 🔻
	* Continent	Asia 🔻
- or -	* Region	EastAsia 🔻
	* Country	China 🔻
	* Time zone	GMT + 8 🔻
REGISTER	* Address	
WIFI MODULE CONNECT	* Customer code	
	* Datalog serial number	
PRODUCT WARRANTY LOCAL CONNECT	* PIN	
Version 1.7.1	REGISTER	

2. The station and wifi dongle will be created auto when you register, if you want have more stations need to be created, you can create as below

Cluster: Nort	th America 🔹 🔗
	्
Joneslu	Offline 2018-02-2 6
Habitat lekki phase 1	EDIT ADD WIFI MODULE
Jackery	Offline 2018-03-0 5
	EDIT ADD WIFI MODULE
Taiwan	Offline 2018-03-1 9
	EDIT ADD WIFI MODULE

β.1_{0.3} Set homewifi password to dongle

[1. Connect your mobile phone to the "BAXXXXXXX" wireless network where "BAXXXXXXXX" is the serial number of the WiFi dongle.

2. Click the "WiFi MODULE CONNECT" button on the APP

B. Select the home WiFi that the WiFi dongle is to be connected to, and enter the WiFi's password. And then click "HomeWifi Connect". The WiFi dongle will restart and try to connect to our server automatically.

4. Check the LEDs' status on the WiFi dongle. The middle light should be solidly lit when the WiFi dongle connects to our server successfully.



5. Now you can disconnect your mobile phone from the "BAxxxxxxx" wireless network. Login on the APP with your account, you'll find the inverter information already appears. Now you'll be able to monitor and control the inverter remotely on any smart phone or computer that has an Internet connection.

Please download the following guides for setting up WiFi dongle and monitoring account at

- Document Reference:
- 1. Wifi Quick Guidance
- | Quick guidance for setting connection of WiFi module to home WiFi, you can also find a printed version in the packaging of the WiFi module.
- 2. Monitor system setup for Distributors and Monitor system setup for endusers
- Account registration, the description of each items and parameters, setting parameters
- 3. Monitor_UI_Introduction
- Introduction of monitor interface

β.1_{0.4} 4G dongle monitoring setup

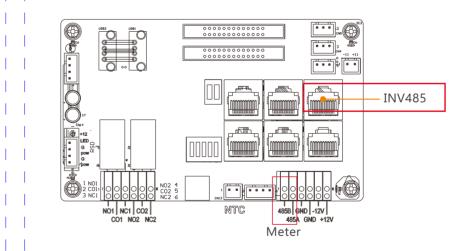
Customer should register the account as 3.10.2 first. Make sure you have put SIM card inside 4G dongle. Plug 4G dongle in, and 5 minutes later, you will be able to see your inverter online.

3.10.5 Third party RS485 communication

Meter 485B&485A: are used when the Meter is not connected. These two pins can be used to communicate with the inverter using our Rs485 modbus protocol.

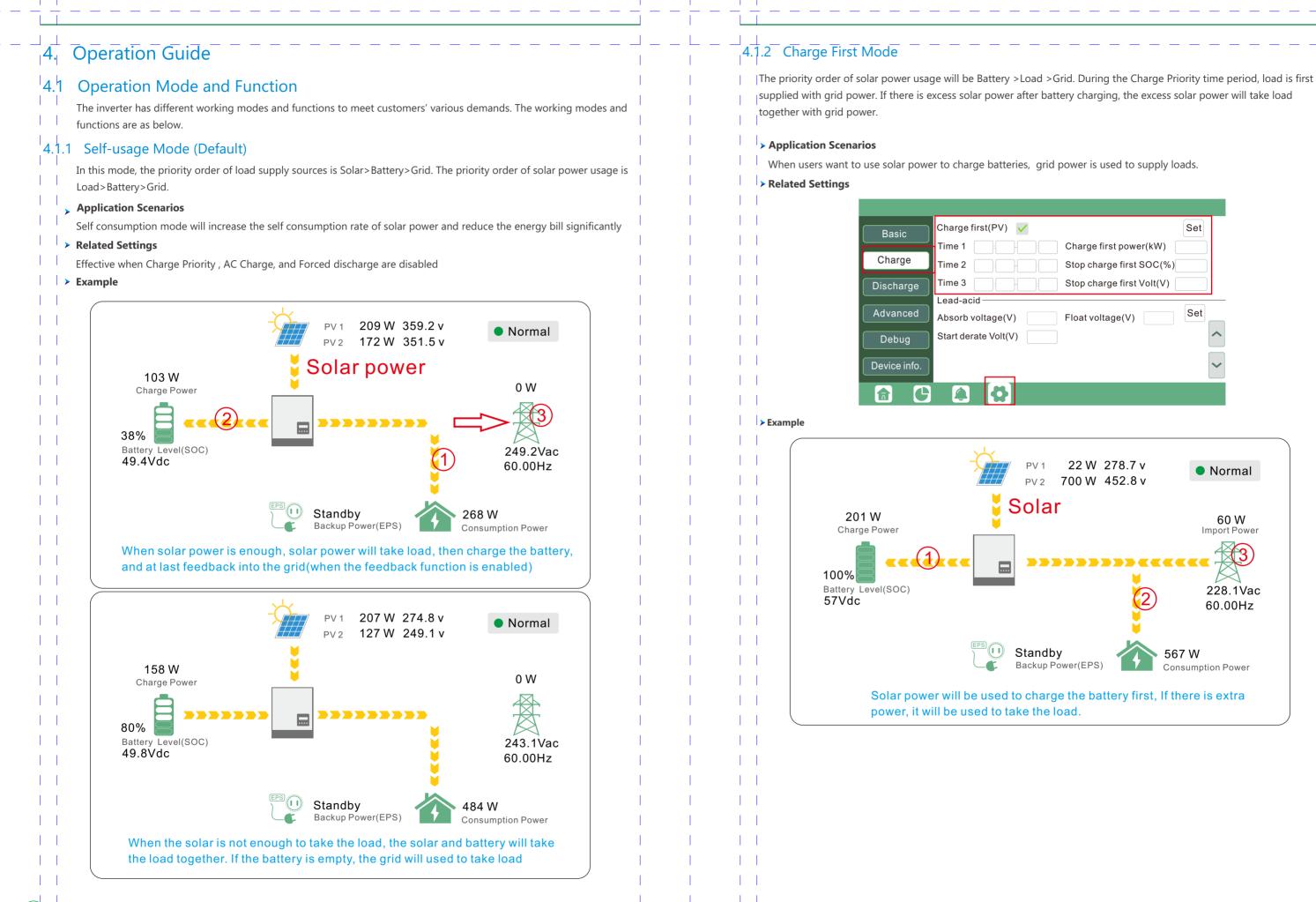
INV485: This interface is shared with the WIFI module. If the WIFI module is not in use, users can use this interface to communicate with the inverter.

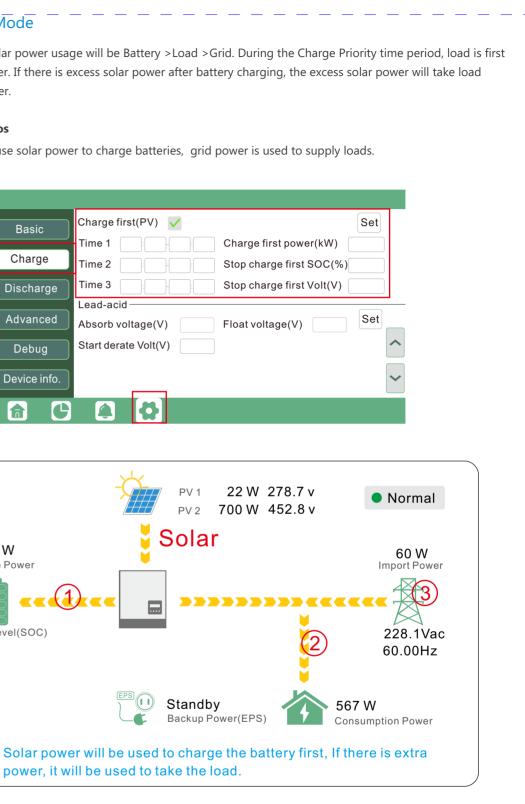
Please contact your distributor to get the protocol for third party APP development.



Pin	Description
1	485B
2	485A
3-8	/







4.1.3 AC Charge Mode

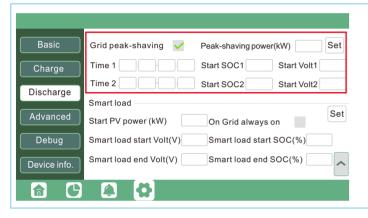
Basic	Operating Mode Use SOC % 🖌 Use Bat V Set
Charge	Bat charge current limit(A)
Discharge	AC charge 🖌 Set
Advanced	Time 1 AC charge power(kW)
	Time 2 Stop AC charge SOC(%)
Debug	Time 3 Stop AC charge Volt (V)
Device info.	~

Users can charge batteries with grid power when electricity prices are cheap, and discharge battery power to supply load or export to the grid when electricity prices are high.

> Application Scenarios

When users have a Time of Use(TOU) rate plan. > Related Settings

4.1.4 Grid peak-shaving Function



Grid peak-shaving & Grid peak-shaving power(kW): Is used to set the maximum power that the inverter will draw from its grid power.

4.1.5 Smart load Function

Basic	Grid peak-shaving 🔽 Peak-shaving power(kW) Set
Charge	Time 1 Start SOC1 Start Volt1
Discharge	Time 2 Start SOC2 Start Volt2
Advanced	Smart load Start PV power (kW) On Grid always on Set
Debug	Smart load start Volt(V) Smart load start SOC(%)
Device info.	Smart load end Volt(V) Smart load end SOC(%)
Basic	PV input V Meter or CT Set
Charge	MODBUS addr Meter type ~ Vpv start (V) CT ratio ~
Discharge	
	Offgrid output 🗸 CT direction reversed Set
Advanced	Seamless switch Charge last RSD disable
	Seamless switch Charge last RSD disable AC couple EPS output Micro-grid
Advanced	Seamless switch Charge last RSD disable EPS output Micro grid

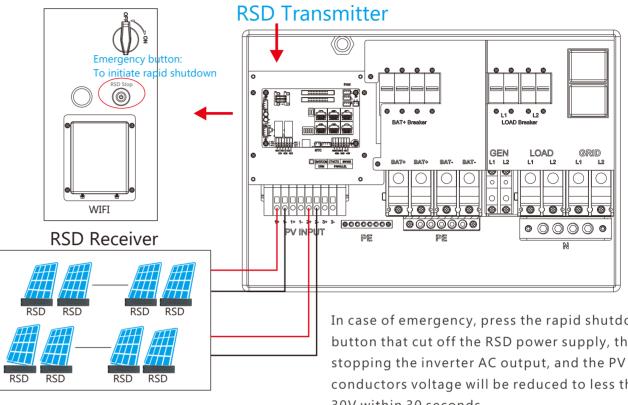
• Smart Load: This function is to make the Gen input connection point as an load connection point, if you enable it, inverter will supply power to this load when the battery SOC and PV power is above a user setup value. e.g. Smart load start SOC=90%, Smart load end SOC=85%, Start PV power=300W, it means: When the PV power exceeds 300W, and the battery system SOC gets to 90%, the Smart Load Port will switch on automatically to supply the load which is connected on this side. When the battery reaches SOC<85% or PV power<300w, the Smart Load Port switch off automatically.

Note:

If you enable the Smart load function, it's forbidden to connect the generator at the same time, otherwise the device will be damaged!

4.2 Rapid shutdown

The inverter includes a rapid shutdown system that complies with 2017 and 2020 NEC 690.12 requirements.



4.3 LCD Display

Users can view inverter running status, real time power, daily and accumulated energy information conveniently on inverter LCD. In addition to the above information, users can also check alarm and fault record on the display for troubleshooting.

4.3.1 Viewing information and alarm/fault record

> Home Page

Touch the screen to light it up if it's in sleep mode. The Home page will appear on the display. Users will see a system overview diagram along with the real time information of each component, such as battery SOC, battery charging/discharging power, grid import/export power, load power, etc. On the right part of the screen, users can check daily and accumulated solar energy, battery charged/discharged energy, grid imported/exported energy, as well as load consumption.



In case of emergency, press the rapid shutdown button that cut off the RSD power supply, thus conductors voltage will be reduced to less than 30V within 30 seconds.

Detailed System Information

be able to view the detailed real time solar information, battery

	Vbat	Ibat	
Solar	Pchg	Pdischg	
Battery	Vbat_Inv	BatState	
Dattery	SOC/SOH	CycleCnt	
Grid	Vchgref	VcutVolt	
	I maxchg	I maxdischg	
UPS	Vcellmax	Vcellmin	
	Tcellmax(°C)	Tcellmin(°C)	
Other	BMSEvent1	BMSEvent2	
	Echg_day	Edischg_day	
	Echg_all	Edischg_all	

	Vups	Fups	
Solar	VupsL1N	VupsL2N	
Battery	Pups	Sups	
	PupsL1N	SupsL1N	
Grid	PupsL2N	SupsL2N	
	Eups_day	Eups_all	
UPS	EupsL1N_day	EupsL1N_all	
	EupsL2N_day	EupsL2N_all	
Other			
	🌲 🛱		

Solar	Vgrid VgridL1N	Fgrid VgridL2N	
Battery	Vgen Pimport	Fgen Pexport	
Grid	Pinv Pload	Prec	
UPS	Eimport_day Eimport_all	Eexport_day Eexport_all	
Other	Einv_day Einv_all	Erec_day Erec_all	
	Eload_day	Eload_all	
Solar	<mark>Status</mark> SubStatus	StatusPre SubStatusPre	

Battery	FaultCode	AlarmCode	
Dattery	Vbus1/Vbus2	VbusP/VbusN	
Grid	T0/T1(°C)	T2/T3(°C)	
	OCP/Grid OnOff Cnt	ExitReason1/2	
UPS	InnerFlag/Run Trace	NoDis/chgReason	
	Dis/chg LimitReason	Dis/chg CurrLimit	
Other	Inv/Rec LimitReason	Inv/Rec CurrLimit	
	Para status		

Fault/Alarm Information

Touching the bell icon at the bottom of the screen, you'll see all the current and historical fault & warning information on this page.

	M3 Rx failure	Model fault	Eps short circuit	Fault status	Bat Com failure	AFCI Com failure	AFCI high
	 Eps power reversed M8 Tx failure 	Bus short circuit M3 Tx failure	Relay fault	Alarm status	Meter Com failure	Bat fault	Auto test failur
			Vbus over range		Lcd Com failure	Fw mismatch	Fan stuck
Fault record	Eps connect fault		Hard over Curr	Fault record	Bat reversed	Trip by no AC	Trip by Vac abno
	Neutral fault	PV short circuit	Temperature fault		Trip by Fac abnormal		Trip by gfci hig
	Bus sample fault	Inconsistant	VI8 Rx fault	Alarm record	 Trip by dci high 	 PV short circuit 	GFCI module fau
			Para rating Diff		 Bat volt high 	Bat volt low	Bat open
•	Para Spec Diff	ParaPhase set error		d -	 Offgrid overload 	Offgrid overvolt	Meter reversed
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Para Sync loss	•Fault A	• Fault B		 Offgrid dcv high 	RSD Active	Alarm A
	Fault C	●Fault D	 Fault E 		 Para Phase loss 	 Para no BM set 	Para multi BM
Fault status	Error code	Er	ror time	Fault status	Alarm code	A	Alarm time
Fault status	Error code	Er	ror time		Alarm code	A	Alarm time
Fault status	Error code	Er	ror time	Fault status	Alarm code	A	Alarm time
Fault status	Error code	Er	ror time		Alarm code	A	larm time
Fault status) Alarm status	Error code	Er	ror time	Fault status	Alarm code		larm time
Fault status) Alarm status	Error code	Er	ror time	Fault status)	Alarm code 1 2 3		larm time
Fault status Alarm status Fault record	Error code	Er	ror time	Fault status)	Alarm code 1 2 3 4	A	llarm time
Fault status Alarm status Fault record	Error code	Er	ror time	Fault status Alarm status Fault record	Alarm code 1 2 3 4 5		llarm time
Fault status Alarm status Fault record	Error code	Er	ror time	Fault status Alarm status Fault record	Alarm code		llarm time
Fault status Alarm status Fault record Alarm record	Error code Error code	Er	ror time	Fault status Alarm status Fault record Alarm record	Alarm code 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		Narm time
Fault status Alarm status Fault record Alarm record	Error code	Er		Fault status Alarm status Fault record Alarm record	Alarm code 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A 	Narm time

4.3.2 Setting Parameters

Clicking on the gear icon at the bottom of the screen, you'll get into the parameter setting page of the inverter. a. Basic settings

Busic setti	iigs			
Basic	Standby:		Restart inverter	Reset
Charge	Export to Grid	~	Max Export to Grid(kV	V) Set
Discharge	Zero Export			
Advanced				
Debug				
Device info.				

• | **Standby**: Is for users to set the inverter to normal status or to | standby status. In standby status, the inverter will stop any | charging or discharging operations, as well as solar-feed-in.

b. Charge setting

Basic	Operating Mode Use SOC % 🖌 Use Bat V 📃 Set
Charge	Bat charge current limit(A)
Discharge	AC charge 🖌 Set
Advanced	Time 1 AC charge power(kW) Time 2 Stop AC charge SOC(%)
Debug	Time 2 Stop AC charge SOC(%) Time 3 Stop AC charge Volt (V)
Device info.	~
a C	
	Charge first(PV) 🗸 Set
Basic	Time 1 Charge first power(kW)
Charge	Time 2 Stop charge first SOC(%)
Discharge	Time 3 Stop charge first Volt(V)
	Lead-acid
Advanced	Absorb voltage(V) Float voltage(V) Set
Debug	Start derate Volt(V)
Device info.	~
a C	
Basic	Generator
Charge	Charge current limit(A) Gen rated power(kW) Set
Dischargo	Charge start Volt(V) Charge start SOC(%)
Discharge	Charge end Volt(V) Charge end SOC(%) AC couple
Advanced	Start Volt(V) Start SOC(%) Set
Debug	End Volt(V) End SOC(%)
Device info.	~
a C	

- **Restart inverter**: Restart the system, please note the power maybe interrupted when restarted.
- Export to Grid: Is for users to set a zero export function. If exporting solar power is not allowed, users need to disable the "Export to Grid" option. If users' utility meter is tripped with even a little solar export, "Zero export" can be enabled Thus the export detection and adjustment will take place every 20mS, which will effectively avoid any solar power being exported. If export is allowed, users can enable "Export to Grid" and set a maximum allowable export limit in "Max Export to Grid(kw)".

• **Operating Mode** : Users can decide to use SOC or BatV to control charge and discharge logic depending on battery type.

• Bat charge current limit(A): Users can set Max charge current.

 AC Charge: Utility charge.configuration If users want to use grid power to charge their battery, then they can enable "AC Charge", set time periods when AC charging can happen, AC Charge power(kW) to limit utility charging power, and "Stop AC Charge SOC(%)" as the target SOC for utility charging. "Stop AC Volt(V)" as the target battery voltage for utility charging.

 Charge first: PV charge configuration. When using enable Charge first, PV will charge the battery as a priority, set time periods when PV charge can happen, charge first power(kW) to limit PV charge power, and "Charge first SOC(%)" as the target SOC for PV charge first. "Charge first Volt(V)" as the target battery voltage for PV Charge first.

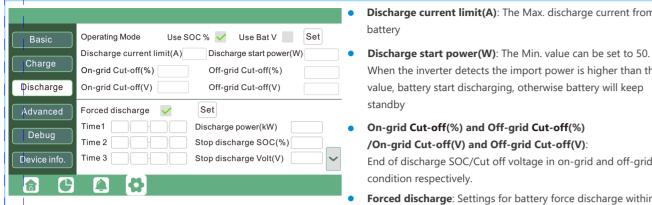
• **Lead acid**: When using Lead-acid battery,you need to set parameters in these programs, Follow the battery manufacturer's recommendation.

Generator

Bat charge current limit(A): Set the Max. battery charge current from the Generator. The Generator will start charging according to the Charge start Volt/SOC, and stop charging when the battery voltage or SOC reaches the Charge end Volt/SOC value.

Gen rated power: Inverter has the peak-shaving function, when you need you can enable it and setup the Gen peak-shaving power(W)

c. Discharge setting



Operating Mode

You can choose "Use SOC %" or Use Bat V" to control the battery discharge state

d. Advanced setting

Advanced setting is mainly by installer after installation.

Basic	Grid type	208V/120V	~	Grid Freq	60 🗸	Set
Charge	Grid regulation	UL1741&IEEE1	547~ Re	s HV3	S)	s
Discharge	LV1 V	S LV2		S LV3		s
Advanced	HF1 Hz	S HF2 S LF2	Hz Hz	S HF3	Hz Hz	S
Debug	Battery type	1:Lead-acid	·		Set	
Device info.	Lithium brand		∽ Lea	d capacity(Ah	ı)	~
a C						

• Grid type: You can choose by yourself, 240/120V, 208/120V.

Discharge current limit(A): The Max. discharge current from

When the inverter detects the import power is higher than this

value, battery start discharging, otherwise battery will keep

End of discharge SOC/Cut off voltage in on-grid and off-grid

Forced discharge: Settings for battery force discharge within

certain time period. In the preset time period, the inverter will

discharge battery at the power set by "discharge power", until

battery SOC or voltage reaches "Stop discharge "value.

On-grid Cut-off(%) and Off-grid Cut-off(%)

/On-grid Cut-off(V) and Off-grid Cut-off(V):

battery

standby

condition respectively.

- Battery type: No battery, lead-acid or lithium-ion.
- If lead-acid battery is selected, please input correct battery capacity
- If lithium-ion battery is selected, please choose the battery brand in the Lithium brand drop down list.

Basic	PV input	✓ Meter or CT ✓	Set
	MODBUS addr	Meter type 🗸 🗸 🗸	
Charge	Vpv start (V)	CT ratio ~	
Discharge	Offgrid output 🗸 🗸	CT direction reversed	Set
Advanced	Seamless switch	Charge last RSD disable	
	AC couple	EPS output without Battery Micro-grid	
Debug	Smart load	Run without gird Set	
Device info.	PV Arc 🗸	PV Arc fault clear Set	~
a C			

The supported CT ratio is 1000:1, 2000:1, 3000:1. default CT ratio is 3000:1. If 3rd party CT is to be used, please ensure its CT ratio is one of them, and set it accordingly. The battery brand in the Lithium brand drop down list.

- Meter type: Please select it according to the meter that's to be installed.
- Charge last: When users want to us solar power in the order of loads -- grid export -- battery charging.

• Offgrid output: It is for users to set if the inverter provides backup power or not when the grid is lost. If users want the load to be seamlessly transferred to the inverter backup power, "Seamless switch" must be enabled. If customers don't have a battery installed yet, but still wish to have inverter backup power with only solar panels connected, "PV Grid Off" can be enabled to use solar power to supply load when the grid fails or load-shedding happens. Micro-grid: only needs to be set when the generator is connected to the inverter's grid port. With this option enabled, the inverter will use AC power to charge the battery and won't export any power through the grid port if AC power is present at the inverter's grid port.

• CT direction reversed: If the CTs are in a wrong direction which will cause the display to show incorrect information and features of the inverter will not function correctly, the installer can modify it by selecting it(only for direction not CT 1 or CT 2 placement), there is no need to reconnect the CTs and no need to go change it physically, in the order of loads--grid export--battery charging.

Basic Charge Discharge	Parallel system Role Parallel battery Share battery Set
Advanced Debug Device info.	Auto Detect Phase Reset

NOTICE

Notice:

(1) All setting of parallel inverters need to be done in Standby or Fault Mode (2) If the system is connected to a lithium battery, the host of the lithium battery needs to communicate with the inverter which is set as Master in the parallel system. (3) Please keep all the setting are same for each inverter in the parallel system on the LCD or Web monitor

4.4 Start-up and shut down the inverter 4.4.1 Start up the inverter

| Step1. Turn on the battery system firstly, then turn on the built-in the battery breaker. Step2. Make sure the PV voltage of the strings are higher than 120V, and check if the inverter works in PV | |charge or PV charge back-up mode. Step3. Turn on the built-in load breaker. | Step3. Make sure step1and 2 above work properly before turning on the grid power or generator breaker, and check if the inverter can go to bypass mode and on-grid mode normally. 1 1

4.4.2 Shut down the inverter

| Danger: Do not disconnect the battery, PV and AC input power under load. If there is emergency issue, and you have to shut down the inverter, please follow the steps as below. Step1. Turn off the Grid breaker of the inverter. Step2. Switch off the load breaker. Step3. Turn off PV breaker and then battery breaker, waiting for the LCD to go off.

- **Role:** The Role setting of the parallel system. It is set to 1 phase master by default. In a parallel system, only one inverter is allowed to be set as Master, and the others are all Slaves. • **Phase:** This is the phase code setting of the EPS output. The system will automatically detect the phase sequence
- of the inverter (consistent with the phase sequence of the connected Grid mains) and display on the inverter after it is connected to the grid
- Share battery: When the inverter is connected as a parallel system, all inverters need to share the battery, and set the "Share Battery" to "Enable" at the same time

5. Troubleshooting & Maintenance

5.1 Regular Maintenance

• Inverter Maintenance

a. Check the inverter every 6 months or 1 year to verify if there are damages on cables, accessories, terminals and the inverter itself.

b. Check the inverter every 6 months to verify if the operating parameter is normal and there is no abnormal heating or noise from the inverter.

c. Check the inverter every 6 months to confirm there is nothing that covers the inverter heat sink, if there is, shut-down the inverter and clear the heat sink.

• Battery Maintenance

Follow the manufacturer's requirements on maintenance. When you carry out these works on batteries, please make sure to fully shut-down the inverter for safety consideration.

5.2 LED Displays

LED	Display	Description	Suggestion
Creater LED	Solid lit	Working normally	
Green LED	Flashing	Firmware upgrading	Wait till upgrading complete
Yellow LED	Solid lit ——	Warning, inverter working	Need troubleshooting
Red LED	Solid lit	Fault, inverter stop work	Need troubleshooting

5.3 Troubleshooting Based On LCD Displays

Once there is any warning or fault occurring, users can troubleshoot according to the LED status and the warning/fault information on the LCD.

1. Fault on the LCD

If the dot on the left of fault item is red, it means the fault is active. When it is grey, it means the fault is defective.

Fault status	 M3 Rx failure 	 Model fault 	• Eps short circuit
	 Eps power reversed 	 Bus short circuit 	 Relay fault
Alarm status	 M8 Tx failure 	•M3 Tx failure	 Vbus over range
Fault record	• Eps connect fault	•PV volt high	• Hard over Curr
Fault record	Neutral fault	•PV short circuit	• Temperature fault
Alarm record	 Bus sample fault 	 Inconsistant 	● /18 Rx fault
	 Para Comm error 	• Para master loss	 Para rating Diff
	 Para Spec Diff 	• ParaPhase set error	Para Gen unAccord
	 Para Sync loss 	•Fault A	• Fault B
	• Fault C	•Fault D	• Fault E

Fault	Meaning	Troubleshooting		
M3 Rx failure	M3 microprocessor fails to receive data from DSP	Restart inverter, if the error still exists, contact your supplier.		
Model fault	Incorrect model value			
Eps short circuit	Inverter detected short-circuit on EPS output terminals	 Check if the L1, L2 and N wires are connected correctly at inverter EPS output port; Disconnect the EPS breaker to see if fault remains. If fault persists, contact your supplier. 		

Eps power reversed	Inverter detected power flowing into EPS port			
Bus short circuit	DC Bus is short circuited			
Relay fault	Relay abnormal	Restart inverter, if the error still exists, contact your supplier.		
M8 Tx failure	DSP fails to receive data from M8 microprocessor			
M3 Tx failure	DSP fails to receive data from M3 microprocessor			
Vbus over range	DC Bus voltage too high	Please check if the PV string voltage is within the inverter specification. If string voltage is within range, and this fault still appears, contact your supplier.		
Eps connect fault	EPS port and grid port are connected mixed up	Check if the wires on EPS port and grid port are connected correctly. If the error exists, contact your supplier.		
PV volt high	PV voltage is too high	Please check if the PV string voltage is within the inverter specification. If string voltage is within range, and this fault still appears, contact your supplier.		
Hardware level over current protection triggered		Restart inverter, if the error still exists, contact your supplier.		
Neutral fault	Voltage between N and PE is greater than 30V	Check if the neutral wire is connected correctly.		
PV short circuit Short circuit detected on PV input		Disconnect all PV strings from the inverter. If the error persists, contact your supplier.		
Temperature fault	Heat sink temperature too high	Install the inverter in a place with good ventilation and having no direct sunlight. If the installation site is okay, please check if the NTC connector inside the inverter is loose.		
Bus sample fault	Inverter detected DC bus voltage lower than PV input voltage			
Inconsistant	Sampled grid voltage values of DSP and M8 microprocessor are inconsistent	Restart inverter, if the error still exists, contact your supplier.		
M8 Rx fault	M8 microprocessor fails to receive data from DSP			
Para Comm error Parallel communication abnorm		1.Please check whether the connection of the parallel cable is loose, please connect the parallel cable correctly2.Please check and make sure the PIN status of CAN communication cable from the first to the end inverter right		
Para master loss	No master in the Parallel system	 1.If a master has been configured in the system, the fault will be automatically removed after the master works. If so, you can ignore it. 2.If a master has not been configured in the system, and there are only slaves in the system, please set the master first. Note: For single unit running system, the role of the inverter should be set as "1 phase master" 		

Para rating Diff	Rated power of parallel inverters are inconsistent	Please confirm that the rated power of all inverters are the same, or you can contact service to confirm
Para Phase set error	Incorrcet setting of phase in parallel	Please confirm that the wiring of the parallel system is correct first. In this case, then connect each inverter to the grid, the system will automatically detect the phase sequence, and the fault will be automatically resolved after the phase sequence is detected.
Para Gen un Accord	Inconsistent generator connect in parallel	Some inverters are connected to generators, some are not. please confirm that all inverters in parallel are connected to generators together or none of them are connected to generators
Para sync loss	Parallel inverter fault	Restart inverters, if the error still exists, contact your supplier

2. Alarm on the LCD

If the dot on the left of fault item is yellow, it means the fault is active. When it is grey, it means the fault is defective.

Fault status	 Bat Com failure 	 AFCI Com failure 	 AFCI high
	 Meter Com failure 	 Bat fault 	 Auto test failure
Alarm status	 Lcd Com failure 	• Fw mismatch	 Fan stuck
Fault record	 Bat reversed 	 Trip by no AC 	• Trip by Vac abnormal
Fault record	 Trip by Fac abnormal 	• Trip by iso low	• Trip by gfci high
Alarm record	 Trip by dci high 	• PV short circuit	 GFCI module fault
	 Bat volt high 	Bat volt low	 Bat open
	 Offgrid overload 	 Offgrid overvolt 	 Meter reversed
	 Offgrid dcv high 	 RSD Active 	• Alarm A
	• Para Phase loss	• Para no BM set	• Para multi BM set

Alarm	Meaning	Troubleshooting
Bat com failure	Inverter fails to communicate with battery	Check if communication cable is correct, and if you have chosen the correct battery brand on inverter LCD. If all is correct but this error persists, please contact your supplier.
AFCI com failure	Inverter fails to communicate with AFCI module	Restart inverter, if the error persists, contact your supplier.
AFCI high	PV arc fault is detected	Check each PV string for correct open circuit voltage and short circuit current. If the PV strings are in good condition, please clear the fault on inverter LCD.
Meter com failure	Inverter fails to communicate with the meter	 Check if the communication cable is connected correctly and in good condition. Restart inverter. If the fault persists, contact your supplier.
Bat Fault	Battery cannot charge or discharge	 1.Check the battery communication cable for correct pinout on both inverter and battery end; 2. Check if you have chosen an incorrect battery brand; 3. Check if there is fault on battery's indicator. If there is fault, please contact your battery supplier.

Auto test failure	Auto test failed
Lcd com failure	LCD fails to communicate with M3 microprocessor
Fwm mismatch	Firmware version mismatch between the microprocessors
Fan stuck	Cooling fan(s) are stuck
Trip by gfci high	Inverter detected leakage current on AC side
Trip by dci high	Inverter detected high DC injection current on grid port
PV short circuit	Inverter detected short circuited PV input
GFCI module fault	GFCI module is abnormal
Bat volt high	Battery voltage too high
Bat volt low	Battery voltage too low
Bat open	Battery is disconnected from inverter
Offgrid overload	Overload on EPS port
Offgrid overvolt	EPS voltage is too high
Meter reversed	Meter is connected reversely
Offgrid dcv high	High DC voltage component on EPS output when running off-grid
RSD Active	Rapid shutdown activated
Para phase loss	Phase losing in parallel system
Para no BM set	Master isn't set in the parallel system
	Multiple Masters have been set in

	Only applied to Italy model
	Restart inverter. If fault still exists, contact your supplier.
	1.Check if there is ground fault on grid and load side; 2.Restart inverter. If the fault remains, contact your supplier.
1	Restart inverter. If the fault remains, contact your supplier.
	 Check if each PV string is connected correctly; Restart inverter. If the fault remains, contact your supplier.
	Restart inverter. If fault still exists, contact your supplier.
	Check if battery voltage exceeds 59.9V, battery voltage should be within inverter specification.
	Check if battery voltage is under 40V, battery voltage should be within inverter specification.
	Check battery breaker or battery fuse.
	Check if load power on inverter EPS port is within inverter specification.
	Restart inverter. If fault still exists, contact your upplier.
	Check if meter communication cable is connected correctly on inverter and meter side.
	Restart inverter. If fault still exists, contact your supplier.
	Check if the RSD switch is pressed.
	Please confirm that the wiring of the inverter is correct. If the master is set to 3 Phase master, the number of parallel inverters needs to be \geq 3. (And the grid input of each inverter should be connected with Grid L1,L2,L3 rightly). If the master is set to 2x 208master, the number of parallel inverters needs to be \geq 2. (And the grid input of each inverter should be connected with Grid L1,L2,L3 rightly)
n	Please set one of the inverters in the parallel system as the master
	There are at least two inverters set as Master in theparallel system, please keep one Master and the other set as Slave

1

Please check and clean the fans regularly. The recommended period is 6 months.

_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _

Please replace the fan following up the below diagram if there is problem with the fans. Turn off the system and wait for more than 5 minutes before disassembling the machine.

a. Loosen the screws and remove them



b. Remove the fan fixing





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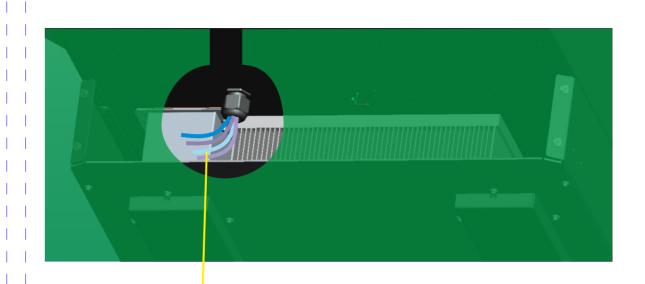
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- d. Remove the fan and replace it
- e. After the fan is installed, follow the steps just now to push back and assemble it back

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6. Annex1: Technical Data

6.1 Remote control inverter on/off and modify parameter settings

The inverter have the following functions: Remote receive message from the utility or its agent to start or shutdown inverter; Remote receive message from the utility or its agent to complete parameter setting, enable or disable the functions in accordance to Rule21. The control software: Wlocal can be obtained from the equipment provider.

Wlocal software instructions

1. First, the computer is connected to the serial port, then run the Wlocal software, click "connect" to connect, after the connection is OK, you can read and set the data.

anial Parts COMM	and shows a		Refresh Parts				
Iarial Park COMM	· Connect	Door	Refresh Ports				
tera Number. 100mm002							
Hold Param(D-39) Hold Param(40-119) B	ettery Param Functions	Renet Setting		1 UL Forware Lipdate De	loug		
Connection and reconnection			Interface protection				
Connect Time(u)		Set	Grid Volt Limit! Low(1)		Set	Grid Volt Link! Low Time:	
Reconnect Time(u)	I	Set	Grid Volt Limit2 Low(1)		Set	Grid Volt Limit? Low Time:	
Grid On Power SS Enables	Ofnable ODisable	•	Grid Volt Limit2 Low(1)		Set	Grid Volt Limit3 Low Times	
Power Soft Start Slope(%/min)	I	Sat	Grid York Livert HighOD		Set	Grid Volt Limit1 High Time:	
Voltage Watt			Grid York Linit2 HighOD		Set	Grid Volt Linik? High Time	
Wath Holt Drable:	Otrable Obiable	•	Grid York Links Higholo		Set	Grid Volt Linkt High Time	
woh-Watt V1/V5		Set	Grid freq Linit? Lou(%)		Set	Grid freq Linit! Low Time	
TUR-WAR V2VS		Set	Grid Freq Linit? Low(%)		Get	Grid Freq Link? Low Time	
Toh Watt delay time(Cycle time)		(Let	Grid freq Linit3 Low(Hz)		Set	Grid freq Links Low Time	
Tol-Watt F2/No	1	Set.	Grid Rwg Linit? High/Ho		Gat	Grid free Limit High Time:	
			Grid Rwg Link? High Php		Set	Grid Free Link? High Time	
Frequency-Matt			Grid Freq Linit? High/Hz		Set	Grid Frag Links High Time	
CNF Load Devate Enables	Ofinable Obiable	•		04			
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End Prequency for Quir Prequency Derate		Gatt					
Delay Time for Over Frequency Denates		Sat					
Start Programp for J Programp Response	1	Sat					
End Frequency for _requercy Response:	1	Set					
Reactive							
Reactive Power OMD Type:		~ Set	Yoh Yar V1(V)		Set	Max Q Percent For QH(N)	
H CMD:	1	Set	Yoh Yar V2(V)		Set	Min Q Recent For QI(N)	
Active Power Percent CMD(N)	1	Set	Yoh Var V3/V5		Set	Delay Time for QVS	
Reactive Power Percent CMD/No			Table and VEND		I and a		

2. click "layout" and Choose "UL" Page

Wiceal - 1848							- a	
anguage(j)								
Serial Ports	COMM	~ Connect	Cose	fathauh Ports				
Serial Number	1040-1184102							
Hold Param(D-37)	uid Param(40-1110) Batte	y Param Functions	Reset Setting	input Param(5-38) Input Param(40-76	UK Firmware Update Debug			
Connection and res	onection			Interface protection				
			Set	Grid Volt Smith Low(H)	54	Grid Volt Link! Low Time		Sat
Connect Time(s)				A 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1	Set .	Grid Volt Link? Low Time:		Şat
			Set	Grid Velt Grid2 Low(10)	1.00	find also front film care		-

3. In this page, can activation the Rule21 function.Setting the value in the corresponding blank. Before setting, you can read the default value first, and then set the parameter of the function that needs to be modified according to the parameter setting range provided in the next chapter 8.2

Serial Port	00844	~ Cor	out Out		Refresh Ports
Serial Numbers	100498/02				
Hold Parandh 200 H	fold Param(40-118) Ba	thery Param	functions Real	e Satting	p Input ParamiD-391 Input Pa
Connection and re-	onection				Interface protection
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Recorded Timeto				Set	Grid Task Limit2 Low(0)
Grid On Power SS	Enables	Otrable	Obable		Grid Welt Limit? Low00
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Voltage Watt					Grid York Links Hightig
Wath Wolt Drakler		Ctraffe	O Disable		Grid York Lined High/Co.
YoR Wat V1(V)				Set	Grid Freq Limit? Low(%)
Yob-Watt V2(V)				Set	Grid Freq Limit2 Low(Hp)
Yob Watt delay tin	w(Cycle time)			Set	Grid Freq Limits Low(ND
Yoh Wat F27Kit				Set	Grid Freq Limit High/Hz
Frequency Watt					Grid Freq Linit2 High/Hg
Old Load Derate 8	Inable	Clinable	Obable		Grid Freq Linit3 High/Ha
Start Respancy for	- Prequency Derate:			Set	Trequency protection time a
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Start Frequency for	Junpancy Response			Set	
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HI CMD					
	-			Set.	Volt-Nar-V2(V)
Active Power Perce				Set	Volt Kar V3(V)
Reactive Power Per	carel CMD(Ni)			Set	Yell Har VHV)

6.2 Parameter setting according to Rule21

6.2.1 Enter service setting

Parameter name	Default Value	Minimum Adjustable Range	Maximum Adjustable Range
Permit service	Enable	N/A	N/A
Applicable voltage low	91.7%Vnom	91.7%Vnom	91.7%Vnom
Applicable voltage high	105%Vnom	105%Vnom	106%Vnom
Applicable frequency low	59.5Hz	59.0Hz	59.9Hz
Applicable frequency high	60.1Hz	60.1Hz	61.0Hz
Connection delay time	300s	1s	600s
Reconnection delay time	300s	1s	600s
Ramp rate	20%Pn/min	6000%Pn/min	6%Pn/min

Ramp rate: When normal startup, the output power rise is 1%~100%, the maximum output current/ section is adjustable

Kennane Up	date Debug		
	54	Grid Web Limit Low Time:	ter.
	Let	Grid Wolt Limit? Low Time	Set
	Lat	Grid Welt LinkS Low Time	Set
	Sat	Grid Volt Linkt High Time:	Sat
	Sat	Grid Volt Link2 High Time:	Set
	Sat	Grid Volt LinkS High Time:	Set
	Set	Grid Rwg Limit? Low Time:	Set
	Set	Grid Freq Limit2 Low Time	Set
	Set	Grid Freq Limit? Low Time:	Set
	Set	Grid Freq Limit! High Time:	Set
	Set	Grid Freq Limit2 High Time:	Set
	Set	Grid Rwg Linkb High Time	Set

1000		
Set	Max Q Percent For QV(N)	Set
tet.	Min Q Percent For QV(N)	(at
Set	Delay Time for Q20	Let.
Set		

6.2.2 High Voltage and Low Voltage Trip

Required settings in accordance with UL 1741 SA	Parameter name	Default Value	Minimum Adjustable Range	Maximum Adjustable Range
 High voltage 2 HV2	Grid Volt Limit2 High(V)	120%Vnom	Fixed at 120%Vnom	Fixed at 120%Vnom
nigh voltage z nvz	Grid Volt Limit2 High Time	160ms	Fixed at 160ms	Fixed at 160ms
	Grid Volt Limit1 High(V)	110%Vnom	110%Vnom	120%Vnom
High voltage 1 HV1	Grid Volt Limit1 High Time	13s	1s	13s
	Grid Volt Limit1 Low(V)	88%Vnom	0%Vnom	88%Vnom
Low voltage 1 LV1	Grid Volt Limit1 Low Time	21s	2s	50s
Low voltage 2 LV2	Grid Volt Limit2 Low(V)	50%Vnom	0%Vnom	50%Vnom
Low vortage 2 LV2	Grid Volt Limit2 Low Time	2s	160ms	21s

Note: When setting the protection time, it needs to be converted into the number of cycles of the corresponding frequency;

6.2.3 High Frequency and Low Frequency Trip

Required settings in accordance with UL 1741 SA	Parameter name	Default Value	Minimum Adjustable Range	Maximum Adjustable Range
	Grid Freq Limit2 High(V)	62.0Hz	61.8Hz	66.0Hz
High Frequency 2 HF2	Grid Freq Limit2 High Time	160ms	160ms	1000s
High Frequency 1 HE1	Grid Freq Limit1 High(V)	61.2Hz	61.0Hz	66.0Hz
High Frequency 1 HF1	Grid Freq Limit1 High Time	300s	180s	1000s
Low Frequency 1 LF1	Grid Freq Limit1 Low(V)	58.5Hz	50.0Hz	59.0Hz
	Grid Freq Limit1 Low Time	300s	180	1000s
	Grid Freq Limit2 Low(V)	56.5Hz	50.0Hz	57.0Hz
Low Frequency 2 LF2	Grid Freq Limit2 Low Time	160ms	160ms	1000s

Note: When setting the protection time, it needs to be converted into the number of cycles of the c orresponding frequency;

6.2.4 Specified Power factor (SPF)

The reactive power is controlled as a function if a specified power factor $\cos \phi$

Parameter name	Default Value	Minimum Adjustable Range	Maximum Adjustable Range
Constant Power Factor Mode	Disable	N/A	N/A
Under-excited/Over-excited	Under-excited	Under-excited	Over-excited
Constant Power Factor	1	0.8	1

Note: Use the selected method to set Under-excited/Over-excited

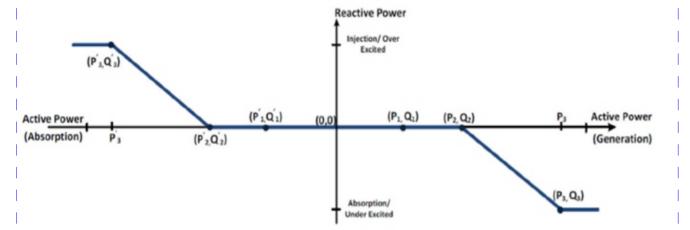
6.2.5 Voltage / Var Mode (Q(V))

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Q1 = Qavg,cap and Q2 = Q3 = 0 Q4 = Qavg,ind	Avg slope	Avg deadband	Inverter terminal voltage
Parameter name	Default Value	Minimum Adjustable Range	Maximum Adjustable Rang
Voltage-Reactive Power Mode	Disable	N/A	N/A
Vref	100%Vnom	95%Vnom	105%Vnom
Autonomous VRef adjustment Enable	Disable	N/A	N/A
Vref adjustment time constant	300s	300s	5000s
V2	Vref-2%Vnom	Vref-3%Vnom	100%Vnom
Q2	0	-60% of nameplate apparent power	60% of nameplate apparent power
V3	Vref+2%Vnom	100%Vnom	Vref+3%Vnom
Q3	0	-60% of nameplate apparent power	60% of nameplate apparent power
V1	Vref-8%Vnom	Vref-18%Vnom	V2-2%Vnom
Q1	44% of nameplate apparent power	-60% of nameplate apparent power	60% of nameplate apparent power
V4	Vref+8%Vnom	Vref+18%Vnom	V3+2%Vnom
Q4	44% of nameplate apparent power	-60% of nameplate apparent power	60% of nam eplat apparent power
Open Loop Response Time	5s	1s	90s

6.2.6 Active Power-Reactive Power Mode (Q(P))

1 1



Parameter name	Default Value	Minimum Adjustable Range	Maximum Adjustable Range
Active Power-Reactive Power Mode	Disable	N/A	N/A
P3	100%Pn	P2+10%Pn	100%Pn
P2	50%Pn	40%Pn	80%Pn
P1	0%Pn	0%Pn	P2-10%Pn
Q1	0		
Q2	0	-60% of nameplate apparent power	60% of nameplate apparent power
Q3	44% of nameplate apparent power		apparent power

Note: P1, P2, P3 and P1', P1', P1' are Y-axis symmetrical relationship, Q1, Q2, Q3 and Q1', Q2', Q3'are X-axis symmetrical relationship, no need to set P1', P1', P1', Q1', Q2', Q3';

6.2.7 Constant Reactive Power Mode

Parameter name	Default Value	Minimum Adjustable Range	Maximum Adjustable Range
Constant Reactive Power Mode	Disable	N/A	N/A
Under-excited/ Over-excited	Under-excited	Under-excited	Over-excited
Constant Reactive Power	44% of nameplate apparent power	0	60% of nameplate apparent power

Note: Use the selected method to set Under-excited/Over-excited

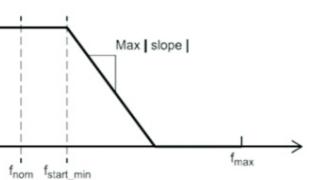
6.2.8 Frequency-Watt (FW) 100% of Available Power Real Power 0 fmin **Default Value** Parameter name 1 1 Frequency-Active Disable Power Mode 1 1 Overfrequency 0.036Hz Droop dbOF 1 1 Underfrequency 0.036Hz Droop dbUF Overfrequency 0.05 Droop kOF Underfrequency 0.05 Droop kUF Open Loop 0 1 1 Response Time Note: When setting the protection time, it needs to be converted into the number of cycles of the corresponding frequency; 1 1 6.2.9 Voltage-Watt (VW) 1 1 100% of Input Power ñ Real

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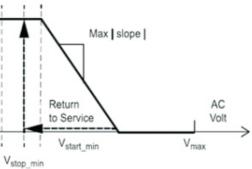
1 1

0 Vmin Vnom



Grid Frequency

Minimum Adjustable Range	Maximum Adjustable Range
N/A	N/A
0.017Hz	1Hz
0.017Hz	1Hz
0.02	0.07(for HECO)
0.02	0.07(for HECO)
200ms	10s



When the grid voltage exceeds V1, the output active power varies with the grid voltage.

Parameter name	Default Value	Minimum Adjustable Range	Maximum Adjustable Range
Voltage-Active Power Mode	Disable	N/A	N/A
V1	106%Vnom	105%Vnom	109%Vnom
P1	Ppre-disturbance (for active power output at the time voltage exceeds V1 in p.u. of Prated)	N/A	N/A
V2	1.1*Un	1.04*Vn	1.10*Vn
P2	Pmin (for Advanced Inverters that can only inject active power, Pmin should approach 0)	N/A	N/A
Open Loop Response Time	105	0.55	60S

Note: When setting the protection time, it needs to be converted into the number of cycles of the corresponding frequency;

6.2.10 Active power limit mode

Parameter name	Default Value	Minimum Adjustable Range	Maximum Adjustable Range
Active power limit mode	Enable	N/A	N/A
Maximum Active Power(%)	100	0	100
	1	1	

6.3 Test parameter tolerances

Parameter	Units	Default Tolerance of Measurement
Voltage	Volts	±1%Urated
Current	Amps	±1%Urated
Power	Watts	±1%Urated
Reactive Power	VA	±5%Srated
Power Factor	Displacement power factor	±0.01
Frequency	Hz	±0.05
Response Time	Seconds	1
Time accuracy	Total time	0.1%

7. Annex2: Lithium Brand Reference

1 1

Num	Lithium Brand Displayed on LCD	The Battery Brand			
0	Lithium_0	Standard Battery			
1	Lithium_1	HINA Battery			
2	Lithium_2	Pylon Battery			
3	Lithium_3	Shoto			
4	Lithium_4	UZ Energy			
5	Lithium_5	GSL1 Battery			
6	Lithium_6	Lux Protocol			
7	Lithium_7	Hubble			
8	Lithium_8	Dyness			
9	Lithium_9	Zetara			
10	Lithium_10	Freedom Won			
11	Rsvd	Rsvd			
12	Lithium_12	Blue Nova			
13	Lithium_13	SHINWA			
14	Lithium_14	GREEN			
15	Lithium_15	Murata			
16	Rsvd	Rsvd			
17	Lithium_17	Rsvd			
18	Lithium_18	Fortress			
19	Lithium_19	Sunwoda			
20	Rsvd	Rsvd			

_ PV Input data	– – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –			
Max. usable input current(A)	25/15/15			N
Max. short circuit input current(A)				
Start input voltage(V)	100		1	
Startup voltage(V)	140			
Full power MPPT voltage range(V)	230-500			
DC nominal voltage(V) MPPT tracker	360			
DC voltage range(V)	100-600			
MPP operating voltage range(V)	120-500			
Max. power(W)	18000			
Number of MPPT Inputs per MPPT	3 2/1/1		1	
	2/1/1			
AC Grid output data				
Nominal Output Current(A)	50			
Max. Output Current(A)	50			
Rated voltage(V)	240			1
Operating voltage range(V)	180-270			
Continuous power output(W) Operating frequency(Hz)	@240V12000/@208V10400 60		1	
Operating frequency range(Hz)	55-65			
Phase shift	0.99@full load			
Reactive power adjust range	-0.8~+0.8 leading Adjustable			
THDI	<3%		1	
Sync inrush curent(A)	35		I.	I
UPS AC output data				
Nominal output current(A)	50			
Nominal output voltage(V)	[240][120/240][120/208]			
Continuous output power(VA)	@240V 2000/@208V 0400			
Operating frequency(Hz)	60			
Peak power(VA)	2xPn, 0.5s		1	
THDV	<3%		I	
Switching Time	<20			
Efficiency				
Max. Efficiency @ PV to grid	97.5%			
Max. Efficiency @ battery to grid	94%			
CEC Efficiency	96.9%			
Battery data			1	
Туре	Lead-acid battery/Lithium battery			
Max. charge current(A)	250			
Max. discharge current(A)	250			
Nominal voltage(V)	48		1	
Voltage range(V)	40-60		I	
General Data				
Integrated disconnect	DC switch			
Reverse polarity protection	Yes			
DC switch rating for each MPPT	Yes			
Output over-voltage protection varistor	Yes			
Output over current protection	Yes		1	
Ground fault monitoring	Yes		1	
	Yes			
Grid monitoring	Yes		1	
	105			
Grid monitoring	YES			
Grid monitoring Pole sensitive leakage current Monitoring unit AFCI RSD	YES YES			
Grid monitoring Pole sensitive leakage current Monitoring unit AFCI RSD Dimensions(mm)	YES YES 870*520*285mm(34.2*20.5*11.2inch)			
Grid monitoring Pole sensitive leakage current Monitoring unit AFCI RSD Dimensions(mm) Weight(kg)	YES YES 870*520*285mm(34.2*20.5*11.2inch) 55kg(96.8 lbs)			
Grid monitoring Pole sensitive leakage current Monitoring unit AFCI RSD Dimensions(mm) Weight(kg) Degree of protection	YES YES 870*520*285mm(34.2*20.5*11.2inch) 55kg(96.81bs) NEMA4X / IP 65			
Grid monitoring Pole sensitive leakage current Monitoring unit AFCI RSD Dimensions(mm) Weight(kg) Degree of protection Cooling concept	YES YES 870*520*285mm(34.2*20.5*11.2inch) 55kg(96.8 lbs) NEMA4X / IP 65 FAN			
Grid monitoring Pole sensitive leakage current Monitoring unit AFCI RSD Dimensions(mm) Weight(kg) Degree of protection Cooling concept Topology	YES YES 870*520*285mm(34.2*20.5*11.2inch) 55kg(96.8 lbs) NEMA4X / IP 65 FAN Transformer-less			
 Grid monitoring Pole sensitive leakage current Monitoring unit AFCI RSD Dimensions(mm) Weight(kg) Degree of protection Cooling concept Topology Relative humidity 	YES YES 870*520*285mm(34.2*20.5*11.2inch) 55kg(96.8 lbs) NEMA4X / IP 65 FAN Transformer-less 0-100%			
 Grid monitoring Pole sensitive leakage current Monitoring unit AFCI RSD Dimensions(mm) Weight(kg) Degree of protection Cooling concept Topology Relative humidity Altitude(m) 	YES YES 870*520*285mm(34.2*20.5*11.2inch) 55kg(96.8 lbs) NEMA4X / IP 65 FAN Transformer-less 0-100% <2000m			
 Grid monitoring Pole sensitive leakage current Monitoring unit AFCI RSD Dimensions(mm) Weight(kg) Degree of protection Cooling concept Topology Relative humidity Altitude(m) Operating temperature range (°C) 	YES YES 870*520*285mm(34.2*20.5*11.2inch) 55kg(96.8 lbs) NEMA4X / IP 65 FAN Transformer-less 0-100% <2000m -25~60° C ,>45° C Derating			
 Grid monitoring Pole sensitive leakage current Monitoring unit AFCI RSD Dimensions(mm) Weight(kg) Degree of protection Cooling concept Topology Relative humidity Altitude(m) Operating temperature range (°C) Noise emission(dB) 	YES YES 870*520*285mm(34.2*20.5*11.2inch) 55kg(96.8 lbs) NEMA4X / IP 65 FAN Transformer-less 0-100% <2000m			
 Grid monitoring Pole sensitive leakage current Monitoring unit AFCI RSD Dimensions(mm) Weight(kg) Degree of protection Cooling concept Topology Relative humidity Altitude(m) Operating temperature range (°C) 	YES YES 870*520*285mm(34.2*20.5*11.2inch) 55kg(96.8 lbs) NEMA4X / IP 65 FAN Transformer-less 0-100% <2000m -25~60° C ,>45° C Derating <50dB			
 Grid monitoring Pole sensitive leakage current Monitoring unit AFCI RSD Dimensions(mm) Weight(kg) Degree of protection Cooling concept Topology Relative humidity Altitude(m) Operating temperature range (°C) Noise emission(dB) Internal consumption(W) 	YES YES 870*520*285mm(34.2*20.5*11.2inch) 55kg(96.8 lbs) NEMA4X / IP 65 FAN Transformer-less 0-100% <2000m -25~60° C ,>45° C Derating <50dB <15W			

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